No.		
110.	 	

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES

COREY SHAQUIELLE JOHNSON,

Petitioner,

v.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,

Respondent.

ON PETITION FOR A WRIT OF CERTIORARI TO THE UNITED STATES COURT OF APPEALS FOR THE FIFTH CIRCUIT

APPENDIX

/s/ Adam Nicholson

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- Appendix A Opinion of Fifth Circuit, CA No. 23-10240, *United States v. Johnson*, 2024 WL 4404301 (5th Cir. Oct. 4, 2024)(unpublished).
- Appendix B Judgment and Sentence of the United States District Court for the Northern District of Texas, entered March 6, 2023.

 *United States v. Johnson, Dist. Court 4:22-CR-274-P.

APPENDIX A

United States Court of Appeals for the Fifth Circuit

No. 23-10240 Summary Calendar

Summary Calendar

United States Court of Appeals Fifth Circuit

FILED
October 4, 2024

Lyle W. Cayce Clerk

United States of America,

Plaintiff—Appellee,

versus

COREY SHAQUIELLE JOHNSON,

Defendant—Appellant.

Appeal from the United States District Court for the Northern District of Texas USDC No. 4:22-CR-274-15

Before Davis, Stewart, and Southwick, *Circuit Judges*. Per Curiam:*

Corey Shaquielle Johnson pleaded guilty to possession of a firearm after a felony conviction and was sentenced to 80 months of imprisonment. On appeal, he presents two unpreserved challenges to 18 U.S.C. § 922(g)(1). First, he argues that § 922(g)(1) is unconstitutional under the Second Amendment based on *New York State Rifle & Pistol Ass'n*, *Inc. v. Bruen*,

* This opinion is not designated for publication. *See* 5TH CIR. R. 47.5.

No. 23-10240

597 U.S. 1 (2022). Next, he asserts that the jurisdictional element of § 922(g)(1) requires more than past interstate travel at an indeterminate time; but if it does not, he maintains that the statute exceeds Congress's authority under the Commerce Clause. The Government has filed an unopposed motion for summary affirmance or, in the alternative, for an extension of time to file its brief.

Johnson correctly concedes that his arguments are foreclosed. See United States v. Jones, 88 F.4th 571, 573-74 (5th Cir. 2023), cert. denied, 144 S. Ct. 1081 (2024); United States v. Perryman, 965 F.3d 424, 426 (5th Cir. 2020). Therefore, summary affirmance is appropriate. See Groendyke Transp., Inc. v. Davis, 406 F.2d 1158, 1162 (5th Cir. 1969). The motion for summary affirmance is GRANTED, the alternative motion for an extension of time is DENIED, and the district court's judgment is AFFIRMED.

APPENDIX B

Case 4:22-cr-00274-P Document 388 Filed 03/06/23 Page 1 of 5 PageID 1328

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

NORTHERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS Fort Worth Division

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

JUDGMENT IN A CRIMINAL CASE

v.

COREY SHAQUIELLE JOHNSON

Case Number: 4:22-CR-00274-P(15) U.S. Marshal's No.: 26853-510 P.J. Meitl, Assistant U.S. Attorney John Stickels, Attorney for the Defendant

On November 2, 2022 the defendant, COREY SHAQUIELLE JOHNSON, entered a plea of guilty as to Count One of the Superseding Information filed on October 25, 2022. Accordingly, the defendant is adjudged guilty of such Count, which involves the following offense:

<u>Title & Section</u> 18 U.S.C. §§ 922(g)(1) and 924(a)(2) Nature of Offense
Possession of a Firearm by a Convicted Felon

Offense Ended 6/08/2022

Count One

The defendant is sentenced as provided in pages 2 through 5 of this judgment. The sentence is imposed pursuant to Title 18, United States Code § 3553(a), taking the guidelines issued by the United States Sentencing Commission pursuant to Title 28, United States Code § 994(a)(1), as advisory only.

The defendant shall pay immediately a special assessment of \$100.00 as to Count One of the Superseding Information filed on October 25, 2022.

The defendant shall notify the United States Attorney for this district within thirty days of any change of name, residence, or mailing address until all fines, restitution, costs, and special assessments imposed by this judgment are fully paid.

Sentence imposed March 2, 2023.

MARK T. PITTMAN

U.S. DISTRICT JUDGE

Signed March 6, 2023.

Judgment in a Criminal Case Page 2 of 5

Defendant: COREY SHAQUIELLE JOHNSON

Case Number: 4:22-CR-00274-P(15)

IMPRISONMENT

The defendant, COREY SHAQUIELLE JOHNSON, is hereby committed to the custody of the Federal Bureau of Prisons (BOP) to be imprisoned for a term of **Eighty (80) months** as to Count One of the Superseding Information filed on October 25, 2022. This sentence shall run concurrently with any future sentence which may be imposed in Case No. 1668106D, in Criminal District Court No. 4 of Tarrant County, which is related to the instant offense; and consecutive to Case Nos. 1688105D, 1687515D and 1688102D, in Criminal District Court No. 4 of Tarrant County, which are not related to the instant offense.

The Court recommends to the Bureau of Prisons that the defendant be able to participate in the Residential Drug Abuse Treatment Program, if eligible. The Court further recommends to the BOP that the defendant be incarcerated at a facility within the Dallas, Fort Worth, TX area, if possible.

The defendant is remanded to the custody of the United States Marshal.

SUPERVISED RELEASE

Upon release from imprisonment, the defendant shall be placed on supervised release for a term of **Two** (2) years as to Count One of the Superseding Information filed on October 25, 2022.

While on supervised release, in compliance with the standard conditions of supervision adopted by the United States Sentencing Commission, the defendant shall:

- 1) The defendant shall report to the probation office in the federal judicial district where he or she is authorized to reside within 72 hours of release from imprisonment, unless the probation officer instructs the defendant to report to a different probation office or within a different time frame;
- 2) After initially reporting to the probation office, the defendant will receive instructions from the court or the probation officer about how and when to report to the probation officer, and the defendant shall report to the probation officer as instructed;
- 3) The defendant shall not knowingly leave the federal judicial district where he or she is authorized to reside without first getting permission from the court or the probation officer;
- 4) The defendant shall answer truthfully the questions asked by the probation officer;
- 5) The defendant shall live at a place approved by the probation officer. If the defendant plans to change where he or she lives or anything about his or her living arrangements (such as the people the defendant lives with), the defendant shall notify the probation officer at least 10 days before the change. If notifying the probation officer at least 10 days in advance is not possible due to unanticipated circumstances, the defendant shall notify the probation officer within 72 hours of becoming aware of a change or expected change;
- 6) The defendant shall allow the probation officer to visit the defendant at any time at his or her home or elsewhere, and the defendant shall permit the probation officer to take any items prohibited by the conditions of the defendant's supervision that he or she observed in plain view;

Judgment in a Criminal Case Page 3 of 5

Defendant: COREY SHAQUIELLE JOHNSON

Case Number: 4:22-CR-00274-P(15)

- 7) The defendant shall work full time (at least 30 hours per week) at a lawful type of employment, unless the probation excuses the defendant from doing so. If the defendant does not have full-time employment, he or she shall try to find full-time employment, unless the probation officer excuses the defendant from doing so. If the defendant plans to change where the defendant works or anything about his or her employment (such as the position or the job responsibilities), the defendant shall notify the probation officer at least 10 days before the change. If notifying the probation officer in advance is not possible due to unanticipated circumstances, the defendant shall notify the probation officer within 72 hours of becoming aware of a change or expected change;
- 8) The defendant shall not communicate or interact with someone the defendant knows is engaged in criminal activity. If the defendant knows someone has been convicted of a felony, the defendant shall not knowingly communicate or interact with that person without first getting the permission of the probation officer;
- 9) If the defendant is arrested or questioned by a law enforcement officer, the defendant shall notify the probation officer within 72 hours;
- 10) The defendant shall not own, possess, or have access to a firearm, ammunition, destructive device, or dangerous weapon (i.e., anything that was designed, or was modified for, the specific purpose of causing bodily injury or death to another person, such as nunchakus or tasers);
- 11) The defendant shall not act or make an agreement with a law enforcement agency to act as a confidential human source or informant without first getting the permission of the court;
- 12) If the probation officer determines that the defendant poses a risk to another person (including an organization), the probation officer may require the defendant to notify the person about the risk and the defendant shall comply with that instruction. The probation officer may contact the person and confirm that the defendant has notified the person about the risk; and,
- 13) The defendant shall follow the instructions of the probation officer related to the conditions of supervision.

In addition the defendant shall:

not commit another federal, state, or local crime;

not possess illegal controlled substances;

not possess a firearm, destructive device, or other dangerous weapon;

cooperate in the collection of DNA as directed by the U.S. probation officer;

submit to one drug test within 15 days of release from imprisonment and at least two periodic drug tests thereafter, as determined by the court;

Judgment in a Criminal Case Page 4 of 5

Defendant: COREY SHAQUIELLE JOHNSON

Case Number: 4:22-CR-00274-P(15)

pay the assessment imposed in accordance with 18 U.S.C. § 3013; and,

participate in outpatient mental health treatment services as directed by the probation officer until successfully discharged, which services may include prescribed medications by a licensed physician, with the defendant contributing to the costs of services rendered (copayment) at a rate of at least \$25 per month.

FINE/RESTITUTION

The Court does not order a fine or costs of incarceration because the defendant does not have the financial resources or future earning capacity to pay a fine or costs of incarceration.

Restitution is not ordered because there is no victim other than society at large.

FORFEITURE

Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 924(d) and 28 U.S.C. § 2461(c) and Fed. R. Crim. P. 32.2(b)(4)(B), it is hereby ordered that defendant's interest in the following property is condemned and forfeited to the United States: a Glock brand, Model: 19, 9-millimeter pistol, bearing Serial No. BTCK649.

Judgment in a Criminal Case Defendant: COREY SHAQUIELLE JOHNSON Case Number: 4:22-CR-00274-P(15) Page 5 of 5

RETURN

	I have executed this judgment as	follows:
	Defendant delivered on	to
at		, with a certified copy of this judgment.
		United States Marshal
		BY Deputy Marshal