IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES

James Edward Young, Petitioner,

v.

 $\begin{array}{c} \text{UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,} \\ \text{Respondent} \end{array}$

PETITION FOR A WRIT OF CERTIORARI

APPENDIX

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Appendix A Judgment and Opinion of Fifth Circuit (Pet.App.a1-a3)

Appendix B Judgment and Sentence of the United States District Court for the Northern District of Texas (Pet.App.a4-a11)

APPENDIX A

Case: 22-11098

United States Court of Appeals for the Fifth Circuit

No. 22-11098 Summary Calendar United States Court of Appeals Fifth Circuit

FILED

May 6, 2024

Lyle W. Cayce Clerk

United States of America,

Plaintiff—Appellee,

versus

JAMES EDWARD YOUNG,

Defendant—Appellant.

Appeal from the United States District Court for the Northern District of Texas USDC No. 5:22-CR-29-1

Before Jolly, Engelhardt, and Douglas, *Circuit Judges*.

Per Curiam:*

James Edward Young appeals his guilty plea conviction and the 120-month sentence imposed for possession of a firearm by a convicted felon. He asks this court to remand the case for correction of clerical errors in the statement of reasons to reflect that: (1) the revised guidelines range was 70 to 87 months; and (2) the 120-month sentence was above the guidelines range.

^{*} This opinion is not designated for publication. See 5TH CIR. R. 47.5.

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Because the statement of reasons serves only a "record-keeping function" and does not provide any "procedural safeguard[s]" to a defendant and because the transcript reflects the correct guidelines range and that the sentence was above the guidelines range, the error is harmless. *United States v. Shakbazyan*, 841 F.3d 286, 292 (5th Cir. 2016); see United States v. Maturin, 887 F.3d 716, 725 n.44 (5th Cir. 2018).

In addition, Young asserts that his sentence is substantively unreasonable because the district court did not account for his acceptance of responsibility, which should have received significant weight. He preserved this issue by requesting a within-guidelines sentence and objecting to the sentence as substantively unreasonable. *See Holguin-Hernandez v. United States*, 140 S. Ct. 762, 764-67 (2020). The district court correctly calculated the advisory guidelines range, evaluated the information in the presentence report, and considered the parties' arguments, Young's allocution, and the 18 U.S.C. § 3553(a) factors. He has not shown that the district court did not account for an important factor, gave significant weight to an improper factor, or made a clear error of judgment in balancing the sentencing factors. *See United States v. Hudgens*, 4 F.4th 352, 358 (5th Cir. 2021). He is essentially asking us to reweigh the § 3553(a) factors and substitute our judgment on appeal, which we will not do. *See United States v. Hernandez*, 876 F.3d 161, 167 (5th Cir. 2017).

Young also contends 18 U.S.C. § 922(g) is unconstitutional because it exceeds Congress's enumerated powers under the Commerce Clause. His argument is foreclosed by precedent, as we have "consistently upheld the constitutionality of § 922(g)(1)" as a valid exercise of Congress's authority under the Commerce Clause. *United States v. Alcantar*, 733 F.3d 143, 145 (5th Cir. 2013).

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Finally, Young contends § 922(g)(1) violates his rights under the Second Amendment in view of New York State Rifle & Pistol Ass'n, Inc. v. Bruen, 597 U.S. 1, 17-18 (2022). Because he did not raise this issue in the district court, our review is limited to plain error. See Puckett v. United States, 556 U.S. 129, 135 (2009). To show plain error, he must show a forfeited error that was clear or obvious error and that affected his substantial rights. Id. If he makes such a showing, we have discretion to correct the error but will do so only if it "seriously affects the fairness, integrity or public reputation of judicial proceedings." Id. (internal quotation marks, citation, and brackets omitted). We recently rejected an unpreserved Bruen-based challenge to the constitutionality of § 922(g)(1) under the Second Amendment. See United States v. Jones, 88 F.4th 571, 573-74 (5th Cir. 2023), cert. denied, 2024 WL 1143799 (U.S. March 18, 2024) (No. 23-6769). Accordingly, Young has not demonstrated reversible plain error. See id.; see also Puckett, 556 U.S. at 135.

AFFIRMED.

APPENDIX B

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT NORTHERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS LUBBOCK DIVISION

UN	ITED STATES OF AMERICA	§ JUDGMENT IN A CRIMINAL CASE §						
v. JAMES EDWARD YOUNG		§ § § §	H-BQ(1)					
THE	DEFENDANT:							
	pleaded guilty to count(s)							
\boxtimes	pleaded guilty to count(s) before a U.S. Magistrate Judge, which was accepted by the court.	1 of the Inc	lictment filed on	March 9, 2022.				
	pleaded nolo contendere to count(s) which was accepted by the court			,	-			
	was found guilty on count(s) after a plea of not guilty							
Title 18 U	The defendant is adjudicated guilty of these offenses: Title & Section / Nature of Offense 18 U.S.C. §§ 922(g)(1), 924(a)(2) - CONVICTED FELON IN POSSESSION OF A FIREARM The defendant is sentenced as provided in pages 2 through 8 of this judgment. The sentence is imposed pursuant to the Sentencing Reform Act of 1984.							
	The defendant has been found not guilty on count(s) Count(s) \square is \square Remaining count(s) are dismiss	sed on the mo	tion of the United	l States				
It is ordered that the defendant must notify the United States attorney for this district within 30 days of any change of name, residence, or mailing address until all fines, restitution, costs, and special assessments imposed by this judgment are fully paid. If ordered to pay restitution, the defendant must notify the court and United States attorney of material changes in economic circumstances.								
			27, 2022 position of Judgment					
	Signature of Judge James Wesley Hendrix							
		Name and	States District	Judge				
		October	27, 2022					

JAMES EDWARD YOUNG

5:22-CR-00029-H-BQ(1)

IMPRISONMENT

The defendant is hereby committed to the custody of the United States Bureau of Prisons to be imprisoned for a total term of:

120 months—the statutory maximum—as to count 1. This sentence shall run consecutively to any future sentence which may be imposed in Case No. 20-1153-CCL, in the County Court at Law, Ector County, Texas.

Makes the following recommendations to the Bureau of Prisons:

The Court recommends that, while incarcerated, the defendant receive appropriate substance-abuse and mental-health treatment, but the Court did not lengthen the defendant's prison term to promote rehabilitation. *See Tapia v. United States*, 564 U.S. 319 (2011).

\boxtimes	The defendant is remanded to the custody of the United States Marshal.									
	The defendant shall surrender to the United States Marshal for this district:									
	☐ ☐ The de	at as notified by the United efendant shall surrender for			ne institu	p.m.	on	Bureau of Prisons:		
	before 2 p.m. on									
	as notified by the United States Marshal.									
	as notified by the Probation or Pretrial Services Office.									
RETURN										
have	execut	ed this judgment as follows	s:							
	Defendant delivered onto									
at			with a certified	d copy of	this juc	lgment.				
				17	<i>J</i>					

UNITED STATES MARSHAL

By DEPUTY UNITED STATES MARSHAL

DEFENDANT:

JAMES EDWARD YOUNG

CASE NUMBER:

5:22-CR-00029-H-BQ(1)

SUPERVISED RELEASE

Upon release from imprisonment, the defendant shall be on supervised release for a term of: Three (3) years.

MANDATORY CONDITIONS

1.	You	must not commit another federal, state or local crime.
2.	You	must not unlawfully possess a controlled substance.
3.		n must refrain from any unlawful use of a controlled substance. You must submit to one drug test within 15 days of release in imprisonment and at least two periodic drug tests thereafter, as determined by the court.
		The above drug testing condition is suspended, based on the court's determination that you pose a low risk of future substance abuse. (<i>check if applicable</i>)
4.		You must make restitution in accordance with 18 U.S.C. §§ 3663 and 3663A or any other statute authorizing a sentence of restitution. (check if applicable)
5.	\times	You must cooperate in the collection of DNA as directed by the probation officer. (check if applicable)
6.		You must comply with the requirements of the Sex Offender Registration and Notification Act (34 U.S.C. § 20901, et seq.) as directed by the probation officer, the Bureau of Prisons, or any state sex offender registration agency in which you reside, work, are a student, or were convicted of a qualifying offense. (<i>check if applicable</i>)
7.		You must participate in an approved program for domestic violence. (check if applicable)
		You must comply with the standard conditions that have been adopted by this court as well as with any additional

conditions on the attached page.

DEFENDANT:

JAMES EDWARD YOUNG

CASE NUMBER:

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STANDARD CONDITIONS OF SUPERVISION

As part of your supervised release, you must comply with the following standard conditions of supervision. These conditions are imposed because they establish the basic expectations for your behavior while on supervision and identify the minimum tools needed by probation officers to keep informed, report to the court about, and bring about improvements in your conduct and condition.

- 1. You must report to the probation office in the federal judicial district where you are authorized to reside within 72 hours of your release from imprisonment, unless the probation officer instructs you to report to a different probation office or within a different time frame.
- 2. After initially reporting to the probation office, you will receive instructions from the court or the probation officer about how and when you must report to the probation officer, and you must report to the probation officer as instructed.
- 3. You must not knowingly leave the federal judicial district where you are authorized to reside without first getting permission from the court or the probation officer.
- 4. You must answer truthfully the questions asked by your probation officer.
- 5. You must live at a place approved by the probation officer. If you plan to change where you live or anything about your living arrangements (such as the people you live with), you must notify the probation officer at least 10 days before the change. If notifying the probation officer in advance is not possible due to unanticipated circumstances, you must notify the probation officer within 72 hours of becoming aware of a change or expected change.
- 6. You must allow the probation officer to visit you at any time at your home or elsewhere, and you must permit the probation officer to take any items prohibited by the conditions of your supervision that he or she observes in plain view.
- 7. You must work full time (at least 30 hours per week) at a lawful type of employment, unless the probation officer excuses you from doing so. If you do not have full-time employment you must try to find full-time employment, unless the probation officer excuses you from doing so. If you plan to change where you work or anything about your work (such as your position or your job responsibilities), you must notify the probation officer at least 10 days before the change. If notifying the probation officer at least 10 days in advance is not possible due to unanticipated circumstances, you must notify the probation officer within 72 hours of becoming aware of a change or expected change.
- 8. You must not communicate or interact with someone you know is engaged in criminal activity. If you know someone has been convicted of a felony, you must not knowingly communicate or interact with that person without first getting the permission of the probation officer.
- 9. If you are arrested or questioned by a law enforcement officer, you must notify the probation officer within 72 hours.
- 10. You must not own, possess, or have access to a firearm, ammunition, destructive device, or dangerous weapon (i.e., anything that was designed, or was modified for, the specific purpose of causing bodily injury or death to another person such as nunchakus or tasers).
- 11. You must not act or make any agreement with a law enforcement agency to act as a confidential human source or informant without first getting the permission of the court.
- 12. If the probation officer determines that you pose a risk to another person (including an organization), the probation officer may require you to notify the person about the risk and you must comply with that instruction. The probation officer may contact the person and confirm that you have notified the person about the risk.
- 13. You must follow the instructions of the probation officer related to the conditions of supervision.

U.S. Probation Office Use Only

A U.S. probation officer has instructed me on the conditions specified by the converted written copy of this judgment containing these conditions. I understand addition conditions is available at www.txnp.uscourts.gov .	ourt and has provided me with a nal information regarding these
Defendant's Signature	Date

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SPECIAL CONDITIONS OF SUPERVISION

- 1. The defendant shall participate in outpatient mental health treatment services as directed by the probation officer until successfully discharged. These services may include medications prescribed by a licensed physician. The defendant shall contribute to the costs of services rendered (copayment) at the rate of at least \$25.00 per month.
- 2. The defendant shall participate in an outpatient program approved by the probation officer for treatment of narcotic, drug, or alcohol dependency that will include testing for the detection of substance use, abstaining from the use of alcohol and all other intoxicants during and after completion of treatment, and contributing to the costs of services rendered (copayment) at the rate of at least \$25.00 per month.

DEFENDANT:

JAMES EDWARD YOUNG

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CRIMINAL MONETARY PENALTIES

The defendant must pay the total criminal monetary penalties under the schedule of payments page.

		Assessment	Restitution		Fine	AVAA Ass	sessment*	JVTA Assessment**			
TOTALS		\$100.00	\$.00		\$.00		\$.00	\$.00			
 ☐ The determination of restitution is deferred until after such determination. ☐ The defendant must make restitution (including community restitution) to the following payees in the amount listed be after defendant makes a partial payment, each payee shall receive an approximately proportioned payment. However, pursuant to § 3664(i), all nonfederal victims must be paid before the United States is paid. 											
Restitution amount ordered pursuant to plea agreement \$ The defendant must pay interest on restitution and a fine of more than \$2,500, unless the restitution or fine is paid in fine the fifteenth day after the date of the judgment, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 3612(f). All of the payment options on the sepayments page may be subject to penalties for delinquency and default, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 3612(g). The court determined that the defendant does not have the ability to pay interest and it is ordered that: the interest requirement is waived for the fine restitution the interest requirement for the fine restitution is modified as								nt options on the schedule of \$12(g). that:			
			Amy, Vicky, and Andy Child Pornography Victim Assistance Act of 2018, Pub. L. No. 115-299.								

^{***} Findings for the total amount of losses are required under Chapters 109A, 110, 110A, and 113A of Title 18 for offenses committed on or after September 13, 1994, but before April 23, 1996.

JAMES EDWARD YOUNG

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SCHEDULE OF PAYMENTS

Having assessed the defendant's ability to pay, payment of the total criminal monetary penalties is due as follows:											
A		Lump sum payments of \$ due immediately, balance due									
		not later than , or	, or								
		☐ in accordance ☐ C, ☐ D, ☐ E, o	or 🗌	F below; or							
В		☐ Payment to begin immediately (may be combined with ☐ C,		D, or		F below); or					
C		Payment in equal (e.g., weekly, monthly, quarterly) is (e.g., months or years), to commence or									
D		Payment in equal 20 (e.g., weekly, monthly, quarterly) installments o				n					
		imprisonment to a term of supervision; or	. (8-)	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,							
E		Payment during the term of supervised release will commence within from imprisonment. The court will set the payment plan based on an time; or	Payment during the term of supervised release will commence within (e.g., 30 or 60 days) after release from imprisonment. The court will set the payment plan based on an assessment of the defendant's ability to pay at that time; or								
F	\boxtimes	Special instructions regarding the payment of criminal monetary penalties: It is ordered that the Defendant shall pay to the United States a special assessment of \$100.00 for Count 1, which shall be due immediately. Said special assessment shall be paid to the Clerk, U.S. District Court.									
Unless the court has expressly ordered otherwise, if this judgment imposes imprisonment, payment of criminal monetary penalties is due during imprisonment. All criminal monetary penalties, except those payments made through the Federal Bureau of Prisons' Inmate Financial Responsibility Program, are made to the clerk of the court.											
The de	efend	fendant shall receive credit for all payments previously made toward any c	criminal mon	etary penalties in	nposed.						
	See	Joint and Several See above for Defendant and Co-Defendant Names and Case Numbers (including defendant number), Total Amount, Joint and Several Amount, and corresponding payee, if appropriate.									
		The defendant shall pay the cost of prosecution. The defendant shall pay the following court cost(s):									
 The defendant shall pay the following court cost(s): The defendant shall forfeit the defendant's interest in the following property to the United States: 											

Payments shall be applied in the following order: (1) assessment, (2) restitution principal, (3) restitution interest, (4) AVAA assessment, (5) fine principal, (6) fine interest, (7) community restitution, (8) JVTA assessment, (9) penalties, and (10) costs, including cost of prosecution and court costs.

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FORFEITED PROPERTY

Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 2253(A) and Fed. R. Crim. P. 32.2(b)(4)(B), and the Preliminary Order of Forfeiture (Dkt. # 37) filed on 07/18/2022, it is hereby ordered that defendant's interest in the following property is condemned and forfeited to the United States: A Bersa, model "Thunder," .380 caliber handgun, with an altered or obliterated serial number, including any ammunition, magazines, and/or accessories recovered with the firearm.