

23-7380

Docket # \_\_\_\_\_

ORIGINAL

IN THE  
SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES

\_\_\_\_\_  
Kenneth Leslie Caldwell – PETITIONER

VS.

United States – RESPONDENT(S)

ON PETITION FOR A WRIT OF CERTIORARI TO  
UNITED STATES COURT OF APPEALS FOR THE FEDERAL CIRCUIT

FILED  
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PETITION FOR WRIT OF CERTIORARI

Kenneth Leslie Caldwell

(Name)

P.O. Box 583, Wendover, UT 84083

(Mailing Address only, no home)

(716)-534-9868

(Phone)

2017emailforward@gmail.com

(Email)

“ Capital Case “ / “ Capital Case Possible ”

## QUESTIONS PRESENTED

Is the "United States" a medium employed by the United States of America assigned for the upholding of the United States Constitution to the best of its abilities through people who swore oaths and if so who or what is the United States' replacement when/if the United States is deemed incapable of completing the assignment of upholding the United States Constitution because of the syndicated and repeated willful incompetence of people acting under **color** of law across powerful positions of the United States Government, people of which who are **complicit** with allowing violations of the United States Constitution, United States Code, and monopoly law such as THE SHERMAN ANTITRUST ACT, and if not, who upholds the United States Constitution when people acting under color of law who are supposed to be representing **powerful** positions of the United States Government **knowingly** don't reinforce the United States Constitution or **knowingly** allow others to do the same?

**Why should it be okay to the most powerful, significant, and relevant courts** of all the land within the United States of America after all known remedies of executive branches have been exhausted, **to allow things of Document 1-2** of Docket # 24-1122 in the United States Court of Appeals for the Federal Circuit and things of attached Appendix A such as that of pages A57-A82, **things which include allowing people to lie maliciously about a non-celebrity**(seeable at attached Appendix A pages A64-A66, A71-A77, and A94-A97) and pass it off as genuine news that he had narcotics and a felony conviction and had gone to the pen but was only given a misdemeanor firearm charge and that he pulled a KNIFE on a female BARTENDER and that he had explosives in his car essentially touting to civilian populations of the world that people should

see him jailed or murdered because he illegally or dishonestly overstepped the executive branch like a terrorist who killed a member of the United States Armed Forces by supplying explosives to terrorists who use them in the Middle East and doesn't get busted for narcotics or guns because he's a snitch, rat, narc, undercover cop woman-beating terrorist who is a threat to Armed Forces across the globe as lies were seen in different countries overseas, **ignore homosexual monopolies** such as the one Plaintiff pointed out regarding the multi-billion dollar industry of search engines that bring up LGBTQ, gay topics, gay rainbows, and same sex marriage topics as top search results when the word "heterosexual" is typed in seemingly intentionally diluting colored people's rights and women's rights(Appendix pages A71 and A78), **let the incompetence of police be okay** regarding a 911 call(and other reports) **about things including sexual assault** in victim's sleep(Appendix A pages A70 and A78), **and let the Plaintiff in separate instances be beaten, shot at, chased** by a knife wielding assailant, **and kicked in the head** by a steel toed boot(Appendix A pages A63, A70, A78, and A86-A93), while Plaintiff was (and still is) without a mere offer of anything from any one regarding malicious lies such as no offers from the State of Idaho (or any agencies within)/media companies/United States (and agencies within) after they were shown significant evidence that proves lies were fabricated about the Plaintiff, **while at the same time the Plaintiff is the one who pointed out and still is pointing out a monopoly of a multi-billion dollar industry** and wants credit for that?

## LIST OF PARTIES

[ X ] All parties appear in the caption of the case on the cover page.

A list of all parties to the proceeding in the court whose judgment may be affected by the outcome of this petition is as follows: **United States, and apparently the State of Idaho, East Idaho News, Local News 8, KPVI, Morning News of Blackfoot, ID, and for definitive purposes possibly police/other unknown parties.**

## RELATED CASES

*Caldwell v. Judicial Administration of Idaho, et al.*, Docket # cv 01 22 00782 in the 4<sup>th</sup> Judicial District Court of Idaho, 2/28/2022 Order Granting Change of Venue, R Vol. I, p. 165-168 of Supreme Court of Idaho Docket #49782-2022, *Caldwell v. Judicial Administration of Idaho, et al.*, Docket # cv10-22-1275 in the 7th Judicial District Court of Idaho, 4/21/2022 Order of Summary Judgment (favoring media), Judgment of Dismissal, and Order of Dismissal, R Vol. I, p. 319, 321, and 323 of Supreme Court of Idaho Docket #49782-2022, *Caldwell v. Judicial Administration of Idaho, et al.*, Docket # 49782-2022, Supreme Court of Idaho/Idaho Appellate Court, 3/13/2023 Opinion of Judge HUSKEY with Judges GRATTON and BRAILSFORD concurring, 5/10/2023 Judgment/Order denying Petition for Rehearing and Remittitur(Appendix A pages A5-A7), *Caldwell v. United States*, Docket # 23-320 of the United States Court of Federal Claims, 8/31/2023 Opinion and Order and Judgment, Documents # 21, 22, and order sent down from United States Appellate Court, *Caldwell v. United States*, Docket # 24-1122, United States Court of Appeals for the Federal Circuit, the Doc. 23 2/22/2024 Order denying Doc. 21 Amended Response which seemingly trickily created moot many (referenced) parts of Doc. 22 which nevertheless still referred to “-APPX 12-” (page 14 of Doc 22-2), and Doc. 24. Appendix A has opinion(s)/order(s)/judgment(s) mentioned in this section and is attached with relevant material.

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IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES

PETITION FOR WRIT OF CERTIORARI

Petitioner respectfully prays that a writ of certiorari issue to review the judgment(s) below.

**OPINIONS BELOW**

For cases from federal courts:

The opinion of the United States Court of Appeals for the Federal Circuit appears at Appendix A pages A1, A2, and A3 to the petition.

The opinion of the United States Court of Federal Claims appears at Appendix A pages A7, A8, and A9 to the petition and is  unpublished.

For cases from state courts:

The opinion of the Supreme Court of Idaho/Court of Appeals of Idaho appears at Appendix A pages A11-A15 to the petition.

The opinion/judgment/orders of the District Court of Idaho appear at Appendix A pages A16-A21 and A23-A33 to the petition.

Both federal and state boxes above are marked because though Plaintiff demanded a jury trial and gave sufficient affidavits, information, and material, the 4th Judicial District Court of Idaho changed venue to the 7<sup>th</sup>, the 7<sup>th</sup> Judicial District Court of Idaho favored lying news companies, the Supreme Court of Idaho and/or Appeals Court of Idaho favored lying news companies, the United States Court of Federal Claims did not favor the Plaintiff but instead allowed favor to lying news companies, and the United States Court of Appeals for the Federal Circuit did not favor the Plaintiff but instead allowed favor to lying news companies as well.

## JURISDICTION

[ X ] For cases from **federal courts**: Date(s) on which the United States Court of Appeals decided Plaintiff's case was 2/5/2024 and 3/8/2024.

[ X ] A timely petition for rehearing was denied by the United States Court of Appeals on the following date(s): 3/8/2024, by the Clerk of Court who identified himself as JARRETT B. PERLOW, and a copy of the order denying rehearing appears at Appendix A pages A38-A39. The jurisdiction of this Court is invoked under 28 U. S. C. § 1254(1)/**UNITED STATES CONSTITUTION**.

[ X ] For cases from **state courts**: The date(s) on which the highest state court decided Plaintiff's case was 5/10/2023 denying petition for review, 5/10/2023 issuing remittitur, and 3/13/2023 issuing an opinion. A copy of decisions appear at Appendix A pages A11-A15 and A34-A35.

[ X ] A timely petition for rehearing was denied on the following date(s): 5/10/2023, though it was explained and illustrated that violations of the United States Code and United States Constitution had occurred and all known remedies of executive and judicial branches had been exhausted, and a copy of the order denying rehearing appears at Appendix page A34. The Plaintiff timely filed notice of the violations of United States Codes and United States Constitution by filing the Complaint for Docket # 23-320 of the United States Court of Claims before the Opinion of 3/13/2023 in Idaho was even issued. Clearly, this case intelligibly holds a lot of weight regarding 'public importance'. The jurisdiction of this Court is invoked under 28 U. S. C. § 1257(a)/**UNITED STATES CONSTITUTION**. The Plaintiff is unsure if court wants to apply 28 U. S. C. § 2403(b) or something else, so service to the Idaho Attorney General is intended to be postponed to await court order as Plaintiff remains a victim under duress.



Since the highest courts' decision on both state and federal levels have been issued, Plaintiff supplies to the court information for both, and so, it seems that without granting the Plaintiff an attorney during settings of monopolized industry and without police giving the Plaintiff his money against wealthy news companies the United States Constitution is without foundation and is dead legislation in Plaintiff's case, so by reasoning of UNITED STATES CONSTITUTION and any other law, the Supreme Court of the United States needs to be allowed to exercise it's vested power as/for remedy against extremely oppressive/offensive violations of the United States Constitution/United States Code.

## CONSTITUTIONAL AND STATUTORY PROVISIONS PROVIDED

Constitutional and statutory provisions mentioned are:

As seen in R Vol. I, paragraph 20 of pages 15-16 of the record for Docket # 49782-2022 of the Supreme Court of Idaho(Appendix A pages A40-A41), **submitted 1/18/2022**: 18 United States Code § 3771 Crime Victims' Rights, 42 United States Code § 1986 Action for neglect, 28 United States Code § 1915, 18 United States Code § 1331, Civil Rights Act of 1964, 5th Amendment, 6th Amendment, and 14th Amendments to the United States Constitution, “for rights to life and liberty and property and right to confront witness, and Declaration of Independence”; *Caldwell v. Judicial Administration of Idaho, et al.*, Docket # cv 01 22 00782 in the District Court for the 4<sup>th</sup> Judicial District of Idaho, in the **COMPLAINT**.

As seen in *Caldwell v. Judicial Administration of Idaho, et al.*, Docket # 49782-2022 of the Supreme Court of Idaho(attached Appendix A pages A44-A45), in the **APPELLANT’S BRIEF, submitted 10/11/2022**: 18 United States Code § 249, 18 United States Code § 2331, 42 United States Code § 1981, 42 United States Code § 1988(b), 1<sup>st</sup> Amendment to the United States Constitution, 14<sup>th</sup> Amendment to the United States Constitution, Article 1 Section 21 of the Declaration of Rights, Civil Rights Act of 1964, and Federal Rules of Civil Procedure.

As seen in *Caldwell v. United States*, Docket # 23-320 of the United States Court of Federal Claims, Document 1, **COMPLAINT, submitted on date(s) of 2023 including the date of 2/24/2023**(also may be seen at Doc 1-2 of Docket # 24-1122 of the United States Court of Appeals, pages 408-453): 28 United States Code § 1491, 28 United States Code § 1505, 28 United States Code § 1491(b)(3), 28 United States Code § 1498(a), Rule 1 of the United States Court of Federal Claims, 37 C.F.R. 1.84(b)(1), 28 United States Code § 1491(b)(2), 28 United

States Code § 1491(a)(2), 28 United States Code § 1491(b)(4), 5 United States Code § 706, 18 United States Code § 3771, 18 United States Code § 2331, 42 United States Code § 1986, 42 United States Code § 1985, 42 United States Code § 1983, 42 United States Code § 1982, 42 United States Code § 1981, 10 United States Codes §§ 251-254, 28 United States Code § 535, Sherman Anti-trust Act of 1890, Robinson-Patman Act, 15 United States Code § 13, 15 United States Code § 13b, 15 United States Code § 13a, 15 United States Code § 14, 15 United States Code § 15c, 15 United States Code § 15e, 15 United States Code § 15c(a)(1), 15 United States Code § 15f, 15 United States Code § 26, 15 United States Code § 37, and Section 1 or Section 2 of the Sherman Act.

As seen in *Caldwell v. United States*, Docket # 24-1122 of the United States Court of Appeals for the Federal Circuit, page 2 of the Document 4 **INFORMAL BRIEF(Also at Appendix page A46), submitted 11/18/2023**: 18 United States Code § 241, 18 United States Code § 242, 10 United States Code §§ 251-254, the 15 United States Code Sherman Act, 15 United States Code § 2, 15 United States Code § 1, 15 United States Code § 25, 15 United States Code § 26, 18 United States Code § 3771, and the 1st, 4th, 5th, 6th, 8th, 13th, and 14th Amendments to the United States Constitution, where “applicable”.

## STATEMENT OF THE CASE

The Plaintiff sees activities of terrorism (by people acting under color of law) and hopes the court sees it too, activities that are so devious and calculated it is like something from a movie like Die Hard 3, activities of terrorism because the ways courts denied the Plaintiff relief as it is recalled he called the clerk's office at the United States Court of Appeals and was told the petition for rehearing was given to a judge yet received the denial order which stated "Circuit Judge Newman did not participate."; also, the Plaintiff was given a chance in the petition for rehearing through Plaintiff's Objection via LETTER TO JUDGE which is Doc 22-1 of Docket # 24-1122 of the United States Court of Appeals (for the Federal Circuit), so again there's a wonder why the clerk was used to overrule/skip past a wall that was set to inevitably call for a judge's decision, NOT a clerk's.

There is terrorism seen in Defendant(s) allowing media companies to use lies against their enemies as if there are Osama Bin Laden news companies issuing orders to members and deceived civilians alike to have news companies' enemies become victims of attacks, terrorism for allowing rape/malicious sexual assault (page A70 of Appendix A), terrorism for allowing (possible) accessory to murder (pages A70 and A89-A91), and terrorism for allowing sexual enticements of little children which are administered in massive amounts by the homosexuals/others engaged in lewd recruitment efforts (page A71) minute by minute which essentially might simultaneously dilute women's and colored people's rights on purpose, all while the Plaintiff wanted (and still wants) credit for discovering the monopoly but instead was and is treated like he doesn't deserve anything even if he struggles daily merely to survive while facing gravely heightened risks of experiencing injury/death from things/retaliations issued by **anyone** including anyone within the multi-billion

dollar industry of search engines of which plaintiff gave both executive and judicial branches information about regarding homosexual monopoly.

These are unusually important issues and it seems court(s) have interpreted laws differently. Including all of the other stuff, there was an **affidavit** supplied explaining Plaintiff was called a **“f\*\*\*ing n\*\*\*er”** by a **white man while being threatened** of violence (shortly after media attacked) as can be seen at attached Appendix A pages A78 and A85, at pages 309 and 391 of Doc 1-2 of Docket # 24-1122 of the United States Court of Appeals for the Federal Circuit, and at R Vol II, p. 167 of Docket # 49782 in the Supreme Court of Idaho/Appeals Court of Idaho.

It's clear that if an impartial jury or judge took the time to read pages A57-A98 of the attached Appendix A, they'd realize there are **SERIOUS** problems associated with people acting under color of law for the United States/State of Idaho, and they'd know that the United States Code and United States Constitution were/are not being obeyed by people acting under color of law representing the United States.

This is at least the 5<sup>th</sup> or sixth court Plaintiff seeks remedy from, about a complaint that over two years ago accurately pointed out ‘ Tricks they use include ignorance, change of judge, defiance of law by lying over and over until it is accepted or believed, postponement, submitting a preset broad excuse that lies and having judge's support, and acting like something is “unintelligible” ‘ (R Vol. I, p. 10 of Docket # 49782 of Supreme Court of Idaho and page 1 of Complaint of Docket # cv 01 22 00782 in the District Court for the 4<sup>th</sup> Judicial District of Idaho).

It's plain to see the Plaintiff's APPELLANT'S BRIEF of the case with Docket # 49782-2022 of the Supreme Court of Idaho won and/or Amendment Rights to the United States Constitution were allowed to be broke in denial of Plaintiff's Appellant's Brief and there's clearly no way around that inevitable truth. Clearly the Plaintiff pleaded his case well for Federal

jurisdictions also, good enough to grant Plaintiff relief (APPENDIX A/UNITED STATES CONSTITUTION); the Plaintiff obviously has accurately done his work repetitively to an unnecessary and excessive degree but to no avail so far and because of that it is clear the Plaintiff should be given as many short cuts as possible when it comes to deciding remedies, to prevent unnecessary hardships/burdens upon the Plaintiff who is already a victim of severe oppression/discrimination who has done work without pay, and even work aside from court work such as the job where the white race employer said the word "n\*\*\*er" twice and didn't pay the Plaintiff at the end of day, with documentation of that supplied to the United States Court of Federal Claims (see footnotes of pages 13-14 of Document 23, Docket # 23-320) (also at pages 13-14 of Doc 1-2 of Docket # 24-1122 of the United States Court of Appeals for the Federal Circuit).

It's apparent facts material to consideration of the questions were presented in an Objection via Letter Doc 22-1 and it's attached Appendix Doc 22-2 of Docket # 24-1122 of the United States Court of Appeals for the Federal Circuit, and although it seems the motion to amend response was denied on purpose (so as to skip all references to the supplied Amended Response), the Plaintiff still mentioned Appx 12 which referred to important highlighted parts of the record that shouldn't be ignored. It seems also that facts material to consideration are the responses perhaps Document 17/Document 18/Document 21, whatever the court may choose, but for sure things material to consideration are within pages 370-394 of Document 1-2 of Docket # 24-1122 of the United States Court of Appeals for the Federal Circuit (seen as pages A57-A81 of the attached Appendix A) and pages A83-A98 of the attached Appendix A.

As circumstances of the Plaintiff's case go far beyond the accepted and usual course of judicial proceedings, it is clear the Supreme Court of the United States needs to resolve the disagreements identified in this petition which are disagreements lower courts couldn't resolve; it is

clear that there are aspects of imperative public importance, multiple compelling reasons to grant this petition, 'exceptional circumstances' in Plaintiff's case calling for this court to exercise its power by any means necessary, and no other ways adequate relief can be obtained in any other form (or from any other court).

The Appellant's Brief of Docket # 49782 of the Appellate/Supreme Court of Idaho which is pages 19-75 of Doc 1-2 for Docket # 24-1122 of the United States Court of Appeals for the Federal Circuit is mentioned for official reference because it is important but it is not included in the attached Appendix because of the burdens/hardships Plaintiff already faces. It's apparent a tax site revealed information showing Plaintiff received money that was never actually received with no follow up on the inquiry as if someone removed funds from the news company Morning News of Blackfoot, ID which dissolved for 2020 to keep it away from the Plaintiff. The Plaintiff asked for a jury long ago in 2022. Clearly page 4 and pages 6-12 of Doc 1-2 of Docket # 24-1122 of the United States Court of Appeals for the Federal Circuit has motions Plaintiff wants granted as relevant.

## REASONS FOR GRANTING THE CASE

**If the Plaintiff's Petition is not granted**, all the heinous things presented will be seen as solidified fundamental law of the land and nobody should love cruel oppression stuff; besides that, it's noticeable that the Plaintiff technically would be able to plot schemes and seek revenge against Scot-Free liars and child-enticing homosexuals who people acting under color of law pardon and give impunity to without due process of law. It's clear that as long as the courts and people of executive branches continue to turn their heads and close their eyes in extreme determination to at all costs NOT acknowledge the simple fact that news companies lied about the Plaintiff and NOT acknowledge that one way to punish news companies who did bad is to make them pay, many chances for impartial judgment from judges or jury are unfairly hindered/influenced by popular opinion and there are no calculations that say otherwise; obviously, people then would not trust America, wouldn't want to be an American, and would take money OUT of American investments and put money IN somewhere else for less oppression. It's clear people would hate the United States of America and see it's foundation as fake and full of lying hypocrites who lie through their teeth every time they put their hand on a Bible saying anything about the United States Constitution/United States Code; it's clear people would see that America constantly and continuously has a government under the control of people 'acting under **color** of law' meaning they did bad because of that 'color' word, under control of people who's number one primary goal is to do what the homosexual agenda is. Lastly, it's apparent that without granting Plaintiff's petition people would see America as a place that is not safe for their kids to grow up in, that they're not safe from sexual predators who get impunity for enticing if they are homosexuals, not safe from the terrorism in fictitious news stories passed off as genuine against non-celebrities because people acting under color of law ignore it at all costs, and **not safe** from malicious sexual



assault but with rapists only getting impunity if it is a homosexual who is raping or doing oral, and **not safe** from many other kinds of other attacks too, including assault and stalking.

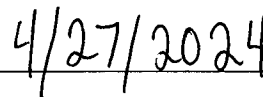
**But, if the Plaintiff's petition IS granted and/or court rules in favor of the plaintiff,** the court will be providing the plaintiff who is NOT a terrorist(as he was tricked into saying yes to sovereign citizen not knowing definitions and people lie) and NOT a liar (he sent out documents but received them back) access to resources for manifestation of good/genius ideas many of which are already published/submitted, ideas including ones to incentivize education, eliminate activities of the "GAY MOB MONOPOLY", advance technologies for human space and travel, fix ecologies, advance efficiency of systems worldwide, and increase efficiency of parcel communications by use of vacuum tubes and lock codes(U.S.P.T.O. Application # 17/207,717), which overall are ideas to make very good and positive impacts for humans within civilizations far and wide upon this planet earth. Also, it's clear that with granting Plaintiff's petition economies will be greatly boosted by statistical definitions, and the United States of America or 'United States' will receive **HUNDREDS OF MILLIONS, BILLIONS, OR EVEN TENS OF BILLIONS OF DOLLARS** in fines from the information Plaintiff gave, regarding homosexual monopolies that unfairly have cheaper rates, easier access, and better leverage over the heterosexual genre of things.

#### CONCLUSION

The petition for a writ of certiorari should be granted.

Respectfully submitted,





Name: Kenneth Leslie Caldwell

Mailing Address only (no home): P.O. Box 583, Wendover, UT 84083

Phone: (716)534-9868

Email: 2017emailforward@gmail.com