IN THE

Supreme Court of the United States

SHAWN REEVES,

Petitioner

v.

STATE OF NEW JERSEY,

Respondent

APPENDIX ON PETITION FOR A WRIT OF CERTIORARI TO THE SUPERIOR COURT, APPELLATE DIVISION OF NEW JERSEY

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SUPERIOR COURT OF NEW JERSEY APPELLATE DIVISION DOCKET NO. A-0921-20

STATE OF NEW JERSEY,

Plaintiff-Respondent,

v.

SHAWN REEVES,

Defendant-Appellant.

Argued December 20, 2022 – Decided March 6, 2023

Before Judges Susswein, Berdote Byrne and Fisher.

On appeal from the Superior Court of New Jersey, Law Division, Essex County, Indictment No. 18-06-1843.

Cody T. Mason, Deputy Public Defender II, argued the caused for appellant (Joseph E. Krakora, Public Defender, attorney; Cody T. Mason, of counsel and on the briefs).

Matthew E. Hanley, Special Deputy Attorney General/Acting Assistant Prosecutor, argued the cause for respondent (Theodore N. Stephens, II, Acting Essex County Prosecutor, attorney; Matthew E. Hanley, of counsel and on the briefs).

David Chen argued the cause for amicus curiae Office of the New Jersey Attorney General (Matthew J. Platkin, Attorney General, attorney; Angela Cai, Deputy Solicitor General, of counsel and on the brief).

PER CURIAM

Defendant Shawn Reeves appeals from his jury trial convictions for unlawful possession of a handgun and impersonating a police officer. He obtained a permit that allowed him to carry a firearm only while he was performing his duties as a private security guard. During a traffic stop, he waved a badge at the officers and stated, "I'm an officer just like you." Defendant was wearing a loaded firearm in a holster. He was arrested for unlawfully carrying the firearm in public beyond the scope of his carry permit.

Defendant contends his firearm conviction was invalidated by the United States Supreme Court's decision in N.Y. State Rifle & Pistol Ass'n v. Bruen, 597 U.S. ____, 142 S. Ct. 2111 (2022). He also contends multiple errors were committed at trial, including: (1) the trial court failed to instruct the jury sua sponte that he could only be found guilty of the gun offense if he knowingly exceeded the scope of his carry permit; (2) the trial court should not have instructed the jury on the law governing how firearms may be lawfully transported; and (3) the prosecutor committed numerous instances of misconduct.

The Supreme Court's interpretation of the Second Amendment in <u>Bruen</u> invalidated the "justifiable need" requirement that had been codified in N.J.S.A. 2C:58-4(d), thus precipitating a significant change to the criteria used to determine whether an applicant should be awarded a firearm carry permit in this State. 142 S. Ct. at 2124, 2156; <u>see L.</u> 2022, <u>c.</u> 131, § 3. That decision does not, however, preclude defendant from being convicted for flouting restrictions imposed under the limited firearm carry permit he possessed.

To remove restrictions from a duly issued permit in light of <u>Bruen</u>, it is incumbent upon the permit holder to apply for an unrestricted permit. Defendant could not simply disregard the restrictions imposed by the carry permit issued to him, especially since defendant violated those restrictions long before <u>Bruen</u> was decided. After carefully reviewing the record in view of the governing legal principles, we also reject defendant's contentions with respect to the asserted trial errors and affirm the convictions.

I.

In June 2018, defendant was charged by indictment with second-degree unlawful possession of a handgun, N.J.S.A. 2C:39-5(b), and fourth-degree impersonating a police officer, N.J.S.A. 2C:28-8(b). He was tried before a jury in December 2019. The jury found him guilty of both charges.

The trial court granted defendant's motion for a Graves Act¹ sentencing waiver pursuant to N.J.S.A. 2C:43-6.2. On October 7, 2020, defendant was sentenced to two years of probation and 100 hours of community service.

We briefly summarize the relevant facts adduced at trial. On October 7, 2016, two East Orange Police Department detectives were patrolling in an unmarked vehicle. At approximately 7:45 p.m., the detectives pulled over defendant's vehicle because it was "similar to . . . one wanted by another agency."²

When the detectives approached the vehicle, defendant waived a gold constable badge out the window. Defendant stated, "I'm on a job, I'm an officer just like you." Defendant told the detectives he was a police officer in the City of Newark. He actually was employed as a security guard for Visual Protection Security Services, a private security company located in Newark.

Defendant was wearing what appeared to be a "tactical uniform" without any insignias to indicate his employer. He also was wearing a "duty belt," which

¹ N.J.S.A. 2C:43-6(c) generally requires that defendants convicted of certain gun offenses be sentenced to at least a forty-two-month term of imprisonment.

The trial court clarified that defendant's vehicle "matched the general description" of a vehicle police were looking for in connection with an unrelated incident. Defendant does not challenge the lawfulness of the stop.

held a radio, handcuffs, and a loaded gun in a holster. In response to the detectives' request for identification, defendant handed over his constable badge, employer identification card, and firearm carry permit, which authorized carrying a firearm only "during and in the course of employment."

The detectives inquired whether defendant was working at the time he was stopped. Defendant told the officers he had finished work for the day around 4:00 p.m. and was "running errands." Defendant's employer testified defendant worked from noon to 4:00 p.m. that day. The employer also testified that security guards' uniforms have company patches on them.

The detectives arrested defendant for unlawfully carrying a firearm. An ensuing search of defendant's vehicle recovered two emergency flashing light bars, a double magazine pouch for ammunition, and a police-style traffic jacket. Defendant's employer testified that defendant was not authorized by the employer to have flashing emergency lights in his personal vehicle.

Defendant raises the following contentions in his initial appeal brief:

POINT I

THE TRIAL COURT COMMITTED PLAIN ERROR WHEN IT FAILED TO INSTRUCT THE JURY THAT DEFENDANT COULD ONLY BE FOUND GUILTY OF UNLAWFULLY POSSESSING THE HANDGUN IF HE KNOWINGLY EXCEEDED THE BOUNDS OF HIS CARRY PERMIT.

POINT II

THE COURT ERRED IN INSTRUCTING THE JURY ON N.J.S.A. 2C:39-6, WHICH CREATES EXEMPTIONS FOR PEOPLE WITHOUT PERMITS TO TRANSPORT FIREARMS, BECAUSE IT WAS OPPOSED BY THE DEFENSE, UNSUPPORTED BY THE RECORD, AND PREJUDICIAL TO THE DEFENDANT.

POINT III

THE STATE WRONGLY BOLSTERED ITS CASE BY SUGGESTING THAT DEFENDANT WAS DANGEROUS AND ENGAGED IN OTHER WRONGDOING, AND BY OFFERING OPINIONS ON HIS GUILT.

POINT IV

THE CUMULATIVE EFFECT OF THE ERRORS DEPRIVED DEFENDANT OF HIS RIGHTS TO DUE PROCESS AND A FAIR TRIAL SUCH THAT HIS CONVICTIONS SHOULD BE REVERSED.

Additionally, defendant raises the following contention in a supplemental brief:³

DEFENDANT'S CONVICTION FOR POSSESSION OF A HANDGUN WITHOUT A PERMIT MUST BE VACATED BECAUSE THE PERMITTING SCHEME AT THE TIME OF THE INCIDENT UNCONSTITUTIONALLY REQUIRED AN

³ Following the <u>Bruen</u> decision, we granted leave for both parties to file supplemental briefs. We also granted the Attorney General's motion to appear as amicus curiae.

APPLICANT TO ESTABLISH A "JUSTIFIABLE NEED" TO CARRY A HANDGUN.

II.

We first address defendant's argument that his Graves Act conviction must be overturned in light of <u>Bruen</u>. The United States Supreme Court addressed whether New York's firearms permitting scheme, which required applicants to show a "special need" for self-defense, violated the Second Amendment. <u>Bruen</u>, 142 S. Ct. at 2122. The Court struck down New York's special need requirement. <u>Id.</u> at 2156. The Court also explicitly noted that New Jersey's "justifiable need" requirement was analogous to New York's unconstitutional standard. Id. at 2124.

The day after <u>Bruen</u> was decided, the New Jersey Attorney General issued guidance on this subject. <u>See Directive Clarifying Requirements for Carrying of Firearms in Public</u> (June 24, 2022) (Directive 2022-7). That directive acknowledges that <u>Bruen</u> "prevents us from continuing to require a demonstration of justifiable need in order to carry a firearm, but it does not prevent us from enforcing the other requirements in our law." <u>Id.</u> at 1.

Defendant argues the justifiable-need requirement was the sole basis for limiting the scope of his carry permit to employment purposes. Because we now know the justifiable-need provision is unconstitutional, defendant argues he was

not actually in violation of his permit even though he had not been on duty for over three hours when he was caught in possession of a firearm in public. We disagree.

On August 3, 2015, defendant applied for a carry permit. The permitting judge construed defendant's request as an "application for permission to carry [a] handgun, while in the employment of Visual Protection Services . . . , while serving as an armed security guard, and assigned to the City of Newark." (emphasis omitted). The permit defendant received was limited to those circumstances.

Bruen changed the previously accepted understanding of the Second Amendment, precipitating a change in the way carry permit applications are now reviewed and approved. It did not, however, automatically convert existing limited permits into unrestricted ones. We agree with the Attorney General that a criminal prosecution is not the proper venue for demonstrating that defendant would have been granted an unrestricted permit if the justifiable-need requirement did not exist. Citizens are not free to act as if they possess an unrestricted permit simply because they may be eligible to obtain such a permit through proper channels.

Defendant was obliged to comply with the court-ordered restrictions in the permit that was issued to him. Although <u>Bruen</u> changed the criteria for issuing a carry permit in this State, it certainly did not empower permit holders to disregard judicial orders. The proper procedure in these circumstances, rather, is to apply to amend the permit or apply for a new one. It also bears repeating that defendant was violating the bounds of his permit years before <u>Bruen</u> was decided. The Second Amendment, we add, does not authorize a private citizen to masquerade as an armed police officer.

III.

We next address defendant's trial contentions, beginning with his argument the trial court erred by failing to instruct the jury that defendant could be found guilty only if he "knowingly" exceeded the scope of the carry permit.

It is well-established that jury instructions must give a "comprehensible explanation of the questions that the jury must determine, including the law of the case applicable to the facts that the jury may find." State v. Green, 86 N.J. 281, 287–88 (1981). We examine the jury charge "as a whole to determine its overall effect." State v. Wilbely, 63 N.J. 420, 422 (1973). Importantly for purposes of this appeal, Rule 1:8-7(b) require the trial judge to hold a charge conference during which both parties "make requests to charge in a format

suitable for ready preparation and submission to the jury." Objections to the instructions to the jury, moreover, must be made in accordance with <u>Rule</u> 1:7-2.

The model jury charge for unlawful possession of a handgun explains that the third element of the crime is that "the State must prove beyond a reasonable doubt . . . that the defendant did not have a permit to possess such a handgun." Model Jury Charges (Criminal), "Unlawful Possession of a Handgun (Second Degree) (N.J.S.A. 2C:39-5(b))" (rev. June 11, 2018). Both parties agreed at the charge conference that because defendant had a valid permit, the model jury charge needed to be tailored. Defendant provided a proposed change to the model charge, to which the State agreed. The agreed upon proposal read:

The third element that the State must prove beyond a reasonable doubt is that the defendant did not have a permit that authorized him to be in possession of such a handgun at the time of his arrest. The parties stipulate that the defendant possessed a valid permit to carry a handgun only during and in the course of employment.

In accordance with the agreement reached at the charge conference, the trial court instructed the jury as follows with respect to the third element of the offense defined in N.J.S.A. 2C:39-5(b):

The third element that the State must prove beyond a reasonable doubt is that the defendant did not have a permit that authorized him to be in possession of such a handgun at the time of his arrest. The parties stipulate that the defendant possessed a valid permit to

carry a handgun only during and in the course of employment, [in] evidence as Exhibit 7.

[Pursuant] to [N.J.S.A.] 2C:58-4(d) the [c]ourt may, at [its] discretion, issue a limited type [of] permit which would restrict the applicant as to the types of handguns he may carry, and where and for what purposes, the handguns may be carried.

If you find the defendant was issued a limited type [of] permit which restricted where and for what purpose the handgun, marked as State's Exhibit S-5[,] could be carried, and that the defendant did carry S-5 within the bounds imposed by the permit, you must find the defendant not guilty.

Defendant now argues, for the first time on appeal, that this charge was deficient because it failed to require the jury to find that defendant "knowingly" exceeded the scope of his permit. "[W]hen a defendant does not object to the [jury] charge, 'there is a presumption that the charge was not error and was unlikely to prejudice . . . defendant's case." State v. Cotto, 471 N.J. Super. 489, 544 (App. Div. 2022) (omission in original) (quoting State v. Montalvo, 229 N.J. 300, 320 (2017)). In this instance, both parties agreed to the tailored jury charge. Indeed, the pertinent portion of the tailored instruction was drafted by defense counsel. Cf. State v. A.R., 213 N.J. 542, 561 (2013) (noting "trial errors that 'were induced, encouraged or acquiesced in or consented to by defense

counsel ordinarily are not a basis for reversal on appeal'" (quoting <u>State v.</u> <u>Corsaro</u>, 107 N.J. 339, 345 (1987))).

In these circumstances, defendant is hard pressed to establish that the jury instruction was error, much less plain error. As explained in <u>State v. Ross</u>, "[a] defendant who does not raise an issue before a trial court bears the burden of establishing that the trial court's actions constituted plain error." 229 N.J. 389, 407 (2017). A defendant must assume this burden "because 'to rerun a trial when the error could easily have been cured on request, would reward the litigant who suffers an error for tactical advantage either in the trial or on appeal.'" <u>Ibid.</u> (quoting State v. Weston, 222 N.J. 277, 295 (2015)).

IV.

Defendant also contends that the judge erred in instructing the jury regarding the legal requirements for transporting a firearm set forth in N.J.S.A. 2C:39-6. Before trial, defendant argued that the court should not charge the jury on exemptions set forth in N.J.S.A. 2C:39-6. Specifically, defendant argued to the trial court:

The [c]ourt has already indicated that the [c]ourt believes that the requirements of [N.J.S.A.] 2C:39-6(g) are applicable to this case. Judge, I have yet and the State, in its brief, did not cite to any authority or any indication, any legal indication, that [N.J.S.A.] 2C:39[-6](g) applies to [defendant]. As we stated in our brief,

Judge, the title of [N.J.S.A.] 2C:39-6 is exemptions. It deals specifically -- the entire statute deals with persons that are exempt from the requirement to obtain a permit.

[Defendant] was not that such person, that's why he got a permit to carry. He is not an exempt person. That entire statute, the entirety of [N.J.S.A. 2C:]39-6 applies to persons that are exempt and it talks about how they become exempt, how they stay exempt and what they have to do while they are exempt. [Defendant] is not an exempt person and none of that statute applies to him.

The trial court explained its reasoning for believing the provisions of N.J.S.A. 2C:39-6 were applicable:

The reason why sub-section (g) is relevant and applies to not just [defendant] who has a limited carrying permit but to all that have firearms and a purchaser's I.D. identification is that they are bound by those rules of transportation under sub-section (g). In addition, they are bound by those rules under sub-section (e). If somebody had a firearm in the backseat of their car loaded. They get pulled over by the police and somehow it's discovered and they have a firearm purchaser's I.D. card, they would be violating sub-section (g). And if they were not going to and from the prescribed areas in sub-section (e), they would be violating that, as well and thus, [N.J.S.A.] 2C:39-5.

... [T]he [c]ourt is simply not adding elements to this crime but rather, the jury has to know the clear parameters, as well as this defendant. Count one of the indictment states, "[t]he Grand Jurors of the State of New Jersey, for the County of Essex, upon their oath, present that [defendant], on the 17th of October, 2016, in the City of East Orange, the County of Essex,

aforesaid within the jurisdiction of this [c]ourt, knowingly had in his possession a handgun." And, quote, "[a]nd carried same outside the bounds of his permit," close quote, contrary to provisions of [N.J.S.A.]2C:39-5, a crime of the second degree and against the peace of the State, the governing dignity of the same.

When [d]efense states -- the issue is, does the jury treat the defendant as someone who has a permit or not? It goes beyond that because the question is whether or not -- not if [defendant] had a carrying permit but whether or not he was carrying it within the bounds of that carrying permit.

Thereafter, during the charge conference, defense counsel renewed her objection to the court instructing the jury with respect to N.J.S.A. 2C:39-6. The trial court reaffirmed its prior reasoning, finding that the jury would be confused if the court did not explain the exemptions. The court explained:

I added the language, because if I didn't . . . then a person outside of the scope of their permit, if the jury so found, they would automatically be guilty.^[4]

The trial court then charged the jury as follows regarding N.J.S.A. 2C:39-

If you find that the defendant was issued a limited type of permit which restricted where and for what purpose the handgun, marked as State's Exhibit 5[,]

6:

⁴ Defendant filed a motion for leave to appeal the trial court's decision to charge N.J.S.A. 2C:39-6(g), which we denied.

could be carried, and that the defendant did carry S-5 outside the restrictions imposed by the permit in violation of [N.J.S.A.] 2C:58-4(d), then you must determine whether or not he was properly transporting the weapon as mandated under [N.J.S.A.] 2C:39-6(g), when he was stopped by the New Jersey Police on October 7th, 2016.

. . . .

If you find the State has proven the first two elements beyond a reasonable doubt and with regard to the third element that the defendant did not comply with the restrictions placed upon him by a limited type [of] permit referenced earlier, and that he failed to properly transport the weapon under [N.J.S.A.] 2C:39-6(g), you must find him guilty. If you find the State has failed to prove any of the three elements beyond a reasonable doubt, then you must find him not guilty.

It is a "bedrock principle of our criminal justice system that '[a]ppropriate and proper charges to a jury are essential for a fair trial.'" State v. Watson, 472 N.J. Super. 381, 508 (App. Div. 2022) (alteration in original) (quoting State v. Carrero, 229 N.J. 118, 127 (2017)). "[W]hen defense counsel requests an affirmative defense . . . the trial court should provide the requested charge on the affirmative defense when there is a rational basis to do so based on the evidence." State v. Daniels, 224 N.J. 168, 181 (2016) (citing State v. Walker, 203 N.J. 73, 86–87 (2010)). If such a charge is not requested, "the court should

still give it when the evidence clearly indicates that it is appropriate." <u>Ibid.</u> (citing <u>Walker</u>, 203 N.J. at 87).

In <u>Daniels</u>, our Supreme Court provided guidance on how trial courts should evaluate situations where a defendant opposes an affirmative defense instruction:

In situations where a criminal trial record presents evidence of an imperfect or incomplete defense, the trial court must consider: (1) the need to educate the jury on how to evaluate evidence from a legal perspective, in keeping with the court's responsibility to administer the justice system and the jury's truthfinding function; and (2) the need to protect a defendant's rights and not undermine the defense that has been advanced at trial. Although a defendant has a right to choose the defense he will present, the court must be concerned about the countervailing public consideration that all legal concepts necessary for the jury's truth-seeking function are presented to the jury for the proper administration of justice. A court should assess a number of considerations when not all of the elements of an affirmative defense are present and a defendant resists the affirmative defense because it is asserted to be inconsistent with his chosen defense.

[<u>Id.</u> at 186.]

Applying these general principles to the circumstances of this case—where defendant was authorized to carry a firearm while working as a private security guard—we agree with the trial court that it was appropriate to explain to the jury the law on how defendant might legally transport the firearm from

his home to a workplace and back. We conclude the court did not err in providing this explanation. Furthermore, nothing in the challenged instruction undermined the defense theory. To the contrary, the challenged instructions reinforced that the jury must find whether defendant carried a firearm in public beyond the scope of the limited permit. We reiterate that the jury instruction is reviewed "as a whole to determine its overall effect." Wilbely, 63 N.J. at 422. As we noted in the preceding section, the jury was properly instructed with regard to defendant's carry permit.

V.

We turn next to defendant's contention the prosecutor engaged in several instances of prosecutorial misconduct. We begin our analysis by acknowledging that "prosecutors in criminal cases are expected to make vigorous and forceful closing arguments to juries" and are "afforded considerable leeway in closing arguments as long as their comments are reasonably related to the scope of the evidence presented." State v. McNeil-Thomas, 238 N.J. 256, 275 (2019) (quoting State v. Frost, 158 N.J. 76, 82 (1999)). Remarks should stay within the bounds of the evidence. Ibid. (quoting State v. R.B., 183 N.J. 308, 330 (2005)); see also State v. Jackson, 211 N.J. 394, 408 (2012) ("A finding of prosecutorial misconduct prejudicing a defendant's right to a fair trial may be based upon

references to matters extraneous to the evidence."). When remarks "stray over the line of permissible commentary," courts must "weigh 'the severity of the misconduct and its prejudicial effect on the defendant's right to a fair trial,' and . . . reverse a conviction on the basis of prosecutorial misconduct only if 'the conduct was so egregious as to deprive defendant of a fair trial.'" McNeil-Thomas, 238 N.J. at 275 (quoting State v. Wakefield, 190 N.J. 397, 437 (2007)).

"In deciding whether prosecutorial conduct deprived a defendant of a fair trial, 'an appellate court must take into account the tenor of the trial and the degree of responsiveness of both counsel and the court to improprieties when they occurred." State v. Williams, 244 N.J. 592, 608 (2021) (quoting Frost, 158 N.J. at 83). Reviewing courts should consider the following factors: "(1) whether defense counsel made timely and proper objections to the improper remarks; (2) whether the remarks were withdrawn promptly; and (3) whether the court ordered the remarks stricken from the record and instructed the jury to disregard them." Ibid. (quoting Frost, 158 N.J. at 83).

Defendant asserts that the prosecutor went beyond the scope of evidence and sought to inflame the jury when he argued to the jury that:

Licenses are given out, permits are given out by the State for various activities, this is a driver's license, allows me to travel on the highways and the byways of the State of New Jersey.

What it does not allow me to do, is drive [seventy-five] miles through a school zone with kids present. It doesn't allow me to drink a fifth of vodka, and then see if I can redline my car at 130 miles an hour on the highway. It does not allow me to bypass a line of cars on the sidewalk, and then run through a light to bypass a funeral procession.

With a license, with a permit, go responsibilities.

Doctors, they have a license to practice medicine. It does [not] give them the right to run [a] pill mill out of their office. And an electrician has a license to wire houses. It doesn't mean that he or she can use substandard equipment, cause a fire and kill three people in that house. The permit doesn't permit them to do that. With permits, with licenses go responsibilities.

We conclude it was not inappropriate for the prosecutor to argue that individuals with licenses have certain privileges and limitations, especially considering that defendant did not object to the prosecutor's comments. See Frost, 158 N.J. at 84 (noting "[t]he failure to object suggests that defense counsel did not believe the remarks were prejudicial at the time they were made").

Defendant asserts that the prosecutor engaged in misconduct by reading a quote from the Nuremberg trials to the jury.⁵ The prosecutor said:

⁵ Specifically, the prosecutor pieced together two statements from United States Chief of Counsel Robert Jackson's closing argument. <u>See</u> Robert H. Jackson,

I'd like to read a quote of a very famous case, years ago. And it was for a jury by a famous [p]rosecutor. It was a very, very big case, a multiple homicide case. But the words then are as true today as they were then. It reads as follows: "The suspended judgment with which we open[ed] this case is no longer appropriate. The time has come for final judgment. And if the case I present seems harsh and uncompromising it is because the evidence makes it [so]. If you were to sa[y of] these men, that they are not guilty it would be as true to say there are no s[lain], there has been no crime."

We are not persuaded the prosecutor's quotation requires that this conviction be reversed. Although, as a general matter, prosecutors should not reference the trial of Nazi war criminals, importantly, the jury was not told that the quote was from the Nuremberg trials. Nor does the quoted text reveal its source. And, significantly, defendant did not object to this quote, suggesting the prosecutor's comments were not prejudicial in the context of the trial. See Frost, 158 N.J. at 83–84. The failure to object also deprived the trial court the opportunity to take remedial action.

In these circumstances, and given the overwhelming evidence that defendant impersonated a police officer and disregarded the limits imposed on

Closing Arguments for Conviction of Nazi War Criminals, 20 Temp. L.Q. 85, 86, 107 (1946).

his firearms carry permit, we conclude the prosecutor's comments did not deprive defendant of a fair trial. See Wakefield, 190 N.J. at 437.

Defendant next asserts the prosecutor improperly conveyed his personal opinions when he argued:

Now, you might be saying to me, gee, all right, I understand, you've explained to me, but if it's -- that open -- you know, if it's that clear cut why am I sitting here. Why did you pull me away from my lawful business, my job, my home, you know, my wife to sit here and listen to this case. Ladies and gentlemen, in the United States of America and in the State of New Jersey you are entitled to a trial by jury when you are accused by indictment of a crime, that's why you're sitting here.

We see no error in the prosecutor stressing that a defendant charged with a crime is entitled to trial by jury, especially considering that defendant did not object to this remark. See Frost, 158 N.J. at 84.

Defendant argues the prosecutor committed misconduct during closing argument by stating: "[Y]ou must determine the credibility of witnesses who come before you. You must weigh their evidence. Brown, Thorn [sic], Perez, you think they came in here and lied to you? Do you? You've got two officers of law out there "

Defense counsel objected to this comment. The judge overruled the objection, finding the prosecutor simply asked the jury if they thought they were

being lied to. Given the wide latitude afforded to prosecutors during summation, we see no reason to substitute our judgment for that of the trial court. McNeil-Thomas, 238 N.J. at 275.

Also during summation, the prosecutor commented: "Ladies and gentlemen, I've got to tell you something. I rarely write notes. I've written more notes in the last day and a half on this case, than I did in the prior six cases I've done."

Defense counsel objected to this comment and the judge stopped the prosecutor from continuing with that argument. We believe the prosecutor's comment was inappropriate but did not deprive defendant of a fair trial. <u>Ibid.</u> (explaining "even when a prosecutor's remarks stray over the line of permissible commentary, we reverse a conviction on the basis of prosecutorial misconduct only if 'the conduct was so egregious as to deprive defendant of a fair trial'" (quoting <u>Wakefield</u>, 190 N.J. at 437)).

Defendant also contends the prosecutor committed misconduct by eliciting and commenting on testimony. Defendant asserts, for example, that the prosecutor improperly elicited testimony that defendant was not permitted to have the emergency light bars that were found in his car. An officer testified that the only vehicles allowed to display those lights are police vehicles or

emergency vehicles. Defendant objected to this testimony, but the trial court overruled the objection, finding that it was relevant to the impersonating a police officer charge. We see no error in that ruling.

Defendant further asserts that the prosecutor should not have been permitted to turn the lights on for the jury, and that the trial court erred in not providing a limited instruction because evidence of the lights triggered "other crimes" evidence. See N.J.R.E. 404(b). That testimony, however, never suggested that defendant was previously charged with or convicted for impersonating a police officer or any other crime or bad act. Rather, this evidence was relevant to prove the current impersonating a police officer charge. Accordingly, no limiting instruction was required.

Defendant also asserts the prosecutor improperly elicited testimony from an officer that "running errands"—as defendant allegedly claimed to be doing—was "outside" the scope of his employment, and from defendant's employer that defendant was not authorized by the employer to carry his firearm at the time of his arrest.

In both instances, the testimony was factual, not opinion testimony. The officer's testimony explained why defendant was arrested. The testimony from the employer explained the scope of defendant's employment with respect to

carrying a firearm. Importantly, defendant did not object to either the testimony elicited from the officer or from the employer. See State v. Johnson, 216 N.J. Super. 588, 609–10 (App. Div. 1987) ("A timely objection is necessary to provide the court and the prosecutor with an opportunity to cure any error caused by an improper remark and signifies that defense counsel did not believe that the comments were prejudicial in the atmosphere of the trial." (first citing State v. Johnson, 31 N.J. 489, 511 (1960); and then citing State v. Marks, 201 N.J. Super. 514, 533–34 (App. Div. 1985))).

VI.

Finally, we address defendant's cumulative error argument. "When legal errors cumulatively render a trial unfair, the Constitution requires a new trial." State v. Weaver, 219 N.J. 131, 155 (2014) (citing State v. Orecchio, 16 N.J. 125, 129 (1954)). Furthermore, "[i]f a defendant alleges multiple trial errors, the theory of cumulative error will still not apply where no error was prejudicial and the trial was fair." Ibid. "[D]evised and administered by imperfect humans, no trial can ever be entirely free of even the smallest defect. Our goal, nonetheless, must always be fairness. A defendant is entitled to a fair trial but not a perfect one." Ibid. (alteration in original) (quoting Wakefield, 190 N.J. at 537).

For reasons we have explained, we are not persuaded that any prejudicial errors were committed, much less multiple ones. We conclude defendant has failed to establish that he was deprived of the right to a fair trial, especially considering the overwhelming evidence of guilt.

To the extent we have not specifically addressed them, any remaining contentions raised by defendant lack sufficient merit to warrant discussion. \underline{R} . 2:11-3(e)(2).

Affirmed.

I hereby certify that the foregoing is a true copy of the original on file in my office.

CLERK OF THE APPELLATE DIVISION

SUPREME COURT OF NEW JERSEY C-722 September Term 2022 088070

State of New Jersey,

Plaintiff-Respondent,

V.

ORDER

Shawn Reeves,

Defendant-Petitioner.

A petition for certification of the judgment in A-000921-20 having been submitted to this Court, and the Court having considered the same;

It is ORDERED that the petition for certification is denied.

WITNESS, the Honorable Stuart Rabner, Chief Justice, at Trenton, this 31st day of May, 2023.

CLERK OF THE SUPREME COURT

SUPREME COURT OF NEW JERSEY M-185/186 September Term 2023 088070

State of New Jersey,

Plaintiff,

V.

ORDER

Shawn Reeves,

Defendant-Movant.

It is ORDERED that the motion for leave to file a motion for reconsideration as within time (M-185) is granted; and it is further

ORDERED that the motion for reconsideration of the Court's order denying the petition for certification (M-186) is denied.

WITNESS, the Honorable Stuart Rabner, Chief Justice, at Trenton, this 19th day of October, 2023.

LERK OF THE SUPREME COURT



NEW

This form is prescribed by the Superintendent for use by applicants for a Permit to Carry a Handgun. Any alteration to this form is expressly forbidden.



RENEWAL

Municipal Code
07/4

STATE OF NEW JERSEY APPLICATION FOR PERMIT TO CARRY A HANDGUN

Application must be delivered, in triplicate, to the Chief of Police of the municipality wherein you reside, or to the Superintendent of State Police in all other cases. A money order in the amount of \$20.00 payable to State of New Jersey must accompany this application.

Answer all questions. If more space is needed, attach bond paper. Page two must be completed. Four photographs of the applicant, one and one-half inch square, head and shoulders, no hat, light background, taken within the last 30 days must accompany this application.

Each person applying for a Permit to Carry and Handgun must supply a letter of need, specific in content, as to why they have a need to carry a firearm in the State of New Jersey. If this application is employment-related, then your employer must supply this letter.

List the reason for this application:	ion is em	proyment-related,	then your employer	must suppry tms r	etter.			
(1) Last Name (If female, include maid			1111	ent Address (Nur	mber - Street - City	- State - Zip)	10 3	9.10
Reeves St	rawi		111em 2	Keev		Newar	K NO	07//2
(3) Date of Birth (4) Age		f Birth - City - State といなり K		SSEX	(5) U.S. Citizen	□ No		
Month Day Year 4/	Eyes		lair Complexion	(8) Distinguishing		No		
m 56 181	Ban	NERO 1	3LK PROUM	1	N	-1A		
(9) Name of Employer		•	(10) Employe	er's Address (Numb				
Ulsual pro-	teet	100 Secu	11/1/ 19	1 cen	tral A	ve New	vow K OT	105
(11) Occupation Security			ı	(12) Hom	ne Telephone	(13) Bu	usiness Telephone	3323
(14) Driver 1 1				(15) If yo	ou possess a N.J. F	2.2	r ID Card, list the r	number
	No No	If Yes, List Date(s)	2	Plac	ce(s)		Offense(s)	
(17) Have you ever been convicted of a disorderly persons offense, that has not been expunged or sealed?	yes No .	If Yes, List Date(s)		Plac	ce(s)		Offense(s)	
(18) Have you ever been convicted	☐ Yes No	If Yes, List Date(s)		Plac	ce(s)	ia S	Offense(s)	
(19) Have you ever had a firearms purchaser identification card, permit to purchase a handgun, or permit to carry a handgun refused or revoked?	Yes No	If Yes, By Whom?		When?	Whe	ere	Why?	¥
(20) Have you ever had an Employee of Firearms Dealer License refused or revoked?	Yes No	If Yes, By Whom?		When?	Whe	ere	Why?	
(21) Are you an Alcoholic?	Yes No	of a mental or ps	r been confined or con sychiatric condition on stitution or hospital and	a temporary, interim	or permanent bas	sis? If Yes, give the	r observation e name and	☐ Yes
(23) Are you dependent upon the use of any narcotic or other controlled dangerous substance?	Yes No			0	,			
(24) Are you now being treated for a drug abuse problem?	Yes No	Institution on an	r been attended, treate inpatient or outpatient octor, psychiatrist, hos	basis for any menta	al or psychiatric co	nditions? If Yes. ai		Yes Que
	yes No		7700		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		1	
(27) If answer to question 26 is yes, do handle firearms? If not, explain.		3	No No	28) Are you subject Violence? If ye	s, explain.	350 350	e e gen ie	Yes Wo
(29) Have you ever been convicted of attempting to or knowingly or reckles	any dome ssly causi	estic violence in an ing bodily injury, or	y jurisdiction which inv (3) negligently causin	olved the elements g bodily injury to an	of (1) striking, kick other with a weap	king, shoving, or (2 on? <i>If Yes, explain</i>) purposely or	Yes No
(30) Are you presently, or have you ev the government of the United States Jersey? If yes, list name and addres	or of this	State, or to deny of	rganization which advo others of their rights un	cates or approves t der the Constitution	the commission of n of either the Unite	acts of violence, e ed States or the St	ither to overthrow ate of New	Yes No
以"我们多有的。" <i>"你</i> 是我们的是我们的		APPLICA	NT: DO NOT WRI	TE BELOW THIS	SPACE A	4,24,45,452,129	(1855) 2010年 (1860年)	的民机特殊
To the Judge of the Superior Court	of E		ounty: I have investig			the applicant, and	from the results	of such
investigation, the applicant is:		(Attach inves	tigation Report wher	submitting to Sup	perior Court.)			
APPROVED This	7.4	Day of_	Nov	, 20 15	Reason for Dis	sapproval AL RECORD		
Afthony ca	impos		Chief Of Pol	ice	B. PUBLIC	HEALTH SAFETY	AND WELFARE	
DISAPPROVED Signature			Title		The same of the sa		LCOHOLIC BACK	
Newark Po	lice	Department of			The second secon	TICS/ DANGEROL CATION OF APPL	JS DRUG OFFEN: ICATION	SE
The foregoing application, have	ing beer	n presented to	ne, and the detern	nination made	The state of the s	TIC VIOLENCE		
of the sufficiency thereof, and	the need	d of the applica	nt to carry a hand	gun, I hereby:	G. LACK O H. OTHER	F JUSTIFIABLE N (SPECIFY)	EED	
Grant a permit, pursuant to Se	ection 2	C158-4 Of the N	Dovova	a_ /\t				
Deny This	- (Day of	1000000	, 20	APPEAL	SBI Number:		
	(_		/	NJ NJ		Permit Number:		
Judge	of the Sup	Page Ope of Tw	Cour	ity		Restrictions:	es (List on Page 2) П No

ESSEX COUNTY PROSECUTOR'S OFFICE

REVIEW OF APPLICATION FOR PERMIT TO CARRY A HANDGUN

SHAWN WILLIAM REEVES	11/1/1965	
APPLICANT'S NAME	APPLICANT'S DOB	APPLICANT'S SS#
2 KEER AVE., 5-F, NEWARK, NJ 07112		
	NT'S ADDRESS	2
APPROVED BY:		
Newark Police Department		
100 J	APPLICATION	
9	WAL APPLICATION	
0		
☐ ADDIT	ION OF EMPLOYER OR	WEAPON
The undersigned has reviewed the abo	ve-referenced Applicati	on and takes the following
position:	n	
NO OBJECTION TO ISSUANCE		
		0.11/0)
OBJECTION TO (CHOOSE) FOR TH	E FOLLOWING REAS	ON(5):
☐ ALCOHOLIC OR HABITUAL DRUN	KARD CRIMINA	L RECORD
☐ DOMESTIC VIOLENCE ORDER	☐ DRUG DE	PENDENCE
☐ FALSIFICATION OF APPLICATION	N INCOMPL	ETE APPLICATION
JUVENILE	OTHER (S	EE REMARKS)
☐ PHYSICAL DEFECT OR DISEASE		E
☐ PRESENT OR PRIOR CONFINEME	NT FOR MENTAL DISOL	RDER
The state of the s		
☐ INSUFFICIENT SHOWING THAT A WITH THE SAFE HANDLING AND		GHLY FAMILIAR
☐ INSUFFICIENT SHOWING OF JUST	CIELARI E NEED TO CAI	DRV A HANDGUN

A CHECK WITH THE FAMILY PART OF SUPERIOR COURT CLERK'S OFFICE REVEALS:				
☐ OUTSTANDING DOMESTIC VIOLENCE RESTRAINING ORDER AGAINST THE APPLICANT				
IF YES, DATE OF ORDER:				
⋈ NO OUTSTANDING RESTRAINING ORDER AS OF November 19, 2015				
6 				
REMARKS:				
No objection to carry gun permit application of Shawn Reeves, so long as she remains employed as an armed security guard with VPS at locations specified in letter of employment need.				
Applicant is qualified to carry a S&W, model SD9, 9mm caliber, serial #HFV2821; applicant has provided the requisite documents.				
Renewal applicantion was approved by the Newark Police Department on November 10, 2015.				
Andrew R. Burroughs ASSISTANT PROSECUTOR ASSISTANT PROSECUTOR SIGNATURE November 19, 2015 DATE				

David F. Cardone / Certified Firearms Instructor 549 Pompton Avenue, Suite 236 Cedar Grove, NJ 07009

To: Date: JULY 14,2015
Re:
Dear Sir:
Please be advised that the above captioned has received instruction from a qualified N.R.A. Instructor. The range in use, in this instruction is the required 50ft. Length and the targets are N.R.A. Approved police silhouettes, #B-29. The three courses of fire are slow, timed and rapid, with a total of 100 rounds fired.
SHAWW. RÉEVES has received scores of 92, and for rapid fire. Qualifying with a score of 269. (210 or 70% needed to qualify). His/Her performance indicates to me that he/she is competent and proficient in the use of said weapon listed below, and has been instructed in the safety rules pertaining to: Correctly loading, unloading, drawing, holstering, and carrying of a handgun.
The applicant has also been advised of the general principals of justification (lawful use of force – N.J.S. 2C:3:1 to 2C:3-11). Copies of said statutes have been included with this course for future reference.
I hereby declare that the applicant used, the following weapon to qualify.
MAKE Smithe Wessel Model SD9 CALIBER 9mm SERIAL # HFV2821 BARRELLENGHT 3/2
CALIBER 9mm SERIAL # HFV2821 BARRELLENGHT 3/2
REVOLVERSEMI-AUTO
Respectfully, Marstone
David F. Cardone
N.R.A. Certified Pistol/Rifle Instructor/Range Safety Officer N.R.A. I.D. #AXH4183J IPA/IRA/RSO
Mich I.B. #Additions in Modern .

Nina A. Kotowski New Jersey Notary Public Notary Commission Expires 10/10/18



Newark, NJ 07103 Office: 973.732.3323 Fax: 973.310.1097 facevedo@visualprotectionsecurity.com

191 Central Ave..

June 24, 2015

To: Superior Court of

Essex County, New Jersey

Attn: Alfonse Cifelli County Court

Re: Shawn Reeves APPLICANTION PERMIT TO CARRY HANDGUN

I have given Mr. Shawn Reeves a conditional offer of employment within VP Security upon your honors' approval and issuance of a permit to carry a handgun pursuant to N.J.S.A. 2C:58-4.

I plan to utilize Shawn Reeves at various sites throughout the City of Newark, as a Site Security/Safety Officer. My Current contract with the City of Newark is to provide armed security guards at the city's recreational facilities and public buildings. Such facilities are located at JFK Recreation Center 211 W. Kinney St., Rotunda Recreation 75 Clifton Ave, Hayes West Park 179 Boyd St., Boylan Recreation 916 S orange Ave., St Peter's Park 379 Lyons Ave., Ironbound 226 Rome St., The Sanitation Dept. 62 Frelinghuysen Ave., City Hall 920 Broad St., Welfare Dept 110 William St, Call Center 394 University Ave., and the Municipal Court 31 Green St.

Due to the nature of the armed security industry, site locations and hours vary and my client is currently requesting an increased number of armed security/safety officers as the locations are more often than not in high crime areas within the City of Newark. Shawn Reeves will be employed on a part time basis, as an Armed Security Officer, with a varied work schedule.

I am licensed by the New Jersey State Police as a Private Investigation Agency under permit #7133 and as a Security Services provider under permit # 1086. My licenses are valid through November 10, 2015.

Therefore, I am respectfully requesting your consideration for approval of Shawn Reeves's permit to carry a handgun during the course of his employment within this agency. Should this employee be terminated the state/local authorities will be properly notified immediately.



New Jersey State Police Security Agency License #1086 Private Detective Agency License #7133



State of New Jersey

Minority Business Enterprise Cert. # 35823-22 Small Business Enterprise Cert.# 55547-22

Public Works Contractor Cert. #674348

Thank You.

Fernando A. Acevedo Manager

"above all, we want a reputation for doing the little things well -- and the big things will follow"

	for a minimum of three years preceding the date of the application.
Name of applicant from page one	applicant named on page one of this application. I have known Him/Her for d who is capable of exercising self control. I have reviewed this application
and I believe that the answers given by the applicant to the questions set forth	in this application are complete, true and correct in every particular.
Print or Type Name Oval Private of Endorsement Page of Endorsement	No. No. Newark Street Address NT. City/Town State Zip Home Telephone Number Business Telephone Number
Endorsement Number Two — Reference must have known applicant	for a minimum of three years preceding the date of the application.
I am personally acquainted with Shawn Reeves, the at the past 25 years to be a person of good moral character and behavior an and I believe that the answers given by the applicant to the questions set forth	
Print or Type Nyme Dyn M Jary Signature) Date of Endorsement	716 Summer Aug. No. Street Address Wowar L. NV 07/04 City/Town State Zip 973. 4/5. 2) 3 4 Home Telephone Number Business Telephone Number
E-1	
- Nototetice must have known applicat	nt for a minimum of three years preceding the date of the application.
0	applicant named on page one of this application. I have known Him/Her for
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Endorsement Number One — Reference must have known applicant	for a minimum of three years preceding the date of the application.
I am personally acquainted with ShowN Revues , the a	applicant named on page one of this application. I have known Him/Her for
Name of applicant from page one the past 30 years to be a person of good moral character and behavior an	100
and I believe that the answers given by the applicant to the questions set forth	
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NONTH & PrAPLET	Tikeer Av
Daved Print or Type Name	NOWAYK Street Address NJOTIM
Signature	City/Town State Zip
Date of Endorsement	Home Telephone Number Business Telephone Number
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Name of applicant from page one	applicant named on page one of this application. I have known Him/Her for
the past 625 years to be a person of good moral character and behavior an	
and I believe that the answers given by the applicant to the questions set forth	in this application are complete, true and correct in every particular.
Digna M. Lopes	716 Summer Ave
Print or Type Name	No. Street Address
Signature Signature	CityTown State Zio
8/3/2015	973.485.2734
Date of Endorsement	Home Telephone Number Business Telephone Number
Endorsement Number Three — Reference must have known applicate	nt for a minimum of three years preceding the date of the application.
I am personally acquainted with Shawk Result , the a	applicant named on page one of this application. I have known Him/Her for
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and I believe that the answers given by the applicant to the questions set forth	2 1732 CO ESTRIPORTO INTERNADADO A FRANCES E PRODUCES PROPERTO DE LA COMPANSA PROPERTO DE LA COMPANSA POR LA COMPANSA PORTA POR LA COMPANSA PORTA POR LA COMPANSA PORTA POR LA COMPANSA POR LA
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Print or Type Name	No. Street Address
Signature	
	City/Town State Zip
- Control of the Cont	and a standard 1937 - 397 - 2734
Date of Endorsement NYLE AKI State of New Jersey D # 2	1 SC Momentelephone Number Business Telephone Number 378529
State of New Jersey ID # 2 NOTARY SS STATE OF N	1 SCHWIFE Business Telephone Number 378529 (PUBLIC UFW JERSEY
State of New Jersey County of State Of New Jersey SS STATE OF New Jersey SS STATE OF New Jersey	L SCHWENDER Number Business Telephone Number 378529 PUBLIC SEW JERSEY Expires Oct. 2, 2018
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Endorsement Number One — Reference must have known applicant for	a minimum of three years preceding the date of the ap	plication.
	licant named on page one of this application. I have	e known Him/Her for
Name of applicant from page one the past	tho is capable of exercising self control. I have revi	ewed this application
and I believe that the answers given by the applicant to the questions set forth in	this application are complete, true and correct in ev	ery particular.
DONALD BRADLEY	- 71 Kerr Ave	Э
Dinoll Print of Type Name	NewArt NE	own
Signature Signature	862-371-3784 State	Zip
/ Date of Endorsement	AND DOOR DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY SERVICES	phone Number
Endorsement Number Two — Reference must have known applicant for	a minimum of three years preceding the date of the ap	pplication.
I am personally acquainted with Name of applicant from page one, the app	licant named on page one of this application. I have	e known Him/Her for
the past	tho is capable of exercising self control. I have revi	ewed this application
and I believe that the answers given by the applicant to the questions set forth in	this application are complete, true and correct in ev	ery particular.
DigNA M. Light z	716 Summer Ave No. Street Address	•
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Endorsement Number Three — Reference must have known applicant for		
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Verson Morce	6 Susan Pi	/
Brint or Type Name	No. Edison N=5	
Signature KYLE AKIL ID # 237 Pale of Endorsement NOTARY P	SCREEN 732 -397	e Zip
State of New Jersey STATE OF NEW	V JEBSEV P	
County of See	165 Oct. 2, 2018	
	ses and states that he/she is the applicant na	med on page one
of this application; that the answers to the questions given on this applic	cation are complete, true and correct in every	particular.
This 30 Day of Aug., 2015	Spana W Kean	
Duly 162 Den	ignature of Applicant named on page one The disclosure of my social security number is voluntary. Without thi I'my application may be delayed. This number is considered confide I the foregoing answers made by me are false, I am subject to punis	ntial.) I realize that if any hment.
SPACE BELOW RESERVED FOR SUPERIOR COURT J	alsification of this form is a crime of the third degree as provide UDGE GRANTING PERMIT	CG III 1933 20.33-106.
List Parmit Restrictions Here:		Photograph of Applicant
		ADDIIGAIL

S.P. 642 (Rev. 02/09) Page 2

TO: Anthony Campos, Chief Of Police DATE: November 4, 2015 Office Of The Chief Of Police FILE REF: LIC 2-3 FROM: Detective Rockean Sanders Detective Bureau/ License Investigation Unit APPLICATION FOR PERMIT TO CARRY A HANDGUN SUBJECT: RE: SHAWN W. REEVES (NEW) 2 KEER AVE Sir: Mr. Shawn W. Reeves, age 49, residing at 2 Keer Ave Newark, New Jersey 07108 has Summary: applied to the Newark Police Department for a Permit To Carry (new). The applicant was born on November 1,1965, in Newark, New Jersey. **Details of** Investigation: The applicant confirmed his address by presenting a valid NJ Driver's License. The firearms vouchers were returned giving the applicant a good recommendation regarding her character and behavior. On November 3, 2015 the below record checks were conducted by the undersigned Detective Findings: from the License section. Record Record N/A No Yes No V V NCIC/SCIC Promis Gavel V V NJ Motor Vehicle (D.W.I. V Г V 212A NJ Dom. Violence Reg. V State/Fed Prints NJ Juv. Central Reg. V ACS/ATS US Dept Homeland Security (Non-US Citizens Only) Alien/ Visa Number 1 of 2

SIGNATURE:
SUPERIOR RECEIVING REPORT

DATE:

DPI 1001

SIGNATURE:

Rockean Sander

RANK:

Detective

ID# 9416

OS227OPOLICE

TO:

Anthony Campos, Chief Of Police

DATE: November 4, 2015

Office Of The Chief Of Police

FROM:

Detective Rockean Sanders

FILE REF: LIC 2-3

SUBJECT:

Detective Bureau/License Investigation Unit APPLICATION FOR PERMIT TO CARRY A HANDGUN

RE: SHAWN W. REEVES (NEW)

2 KEER AVE

The results revealed that the applicant has no arrest record or domestic history with this department, the State Police and the Federal Bureau of Investigations.

The applicant is currently employed at Visual Protection Security Service located at 191 Central Ave. Newark, New Jersey 07103.

The applicant submitted a signed notarized letter of need from his employer describing his duties and need to carry a weapon while performing those duties.

The applicant furthermore submitted a signed Firearms Qualification Affidavit, Declaring that he received instruction in firearm safety and the use of force. The affidavit also pointed out that the applicant qualified with the following firearm(s) that he will carry:

Make	Model	Cal	Serial
Smith & Wesson	SD9	9mm	HFV2821
min & wessen	500	7mm	111 120

The qualification was observed by NRA certified Firearms Instructor David F. Cardone. Located at 549 Pompton Ave, Suite 236, Cedar Grove, New Jersey 07009. NRA ID# AXH4183J.

NOTE: The applicant has been advised that he shall not carry a weapon on his person, if he is not working in the capacity of his duties.

Recommendation:

DPI 1001

In view of the facts and findings in this matter, this Investigator recommends the "APPROVAL" of this application.

Respectfully submitted,

2 of 2

OS227OPOLICE

	4	1 /210	0		
SIGNATURE:		4. 47	SIGNATURE:	Rockean Sanders	
SUPERIOR RECEIVING F	REPORT	11-11/11	_		
DATE		1 1 4-15	RANK.	Detective ID# 9416	

ЧГГ.Т.ГР Т Т TL03A820 MOTOR VEHICLE SERVICES ADDRESS CHANGE HISTORY 09/30/2015 PAGE: 1

SELECT DLN: R2200 70486 11652

CASE IND: N

NAME:

SHAWN W REEVES

DOB: 11 01 1965 SEX: M EYE: 2

MAILING ADDRESS

CHG DT

RESIDENTIAL ADDRESS

2 KEER AVE 5-F

2 KEER AVE 5-F

NEWARK

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PF3-END

PF7-PREV PAGE

PF8-NEXT PAGE

PF11-CANCEL

PF12-MAIN MENU

AVRSLO75 __ AMM8 CERTIFIED DRIVER ABSTRACT DATE: 09/30/2015

OPR: G14SALD PAGE: 001

AUTOPIC: R2200 70486 11652 NAME: REEVES SHAWN W
ADDRESS: 2 KEER AVE 5-F NEWARK NJ 07112 2256

LIC EXP DATE: 04/30/2016 CLASS: D ENDR: RSTR:

I CERTIFY THAT ACCORDING TO THE RECORDS OF THE MOTOR VEHICLE COMMISSION, THIS LISTING IS A TRUE COMPUTERIZED ABSTRACT OF THE DRIVER HISTORY RECORD OF THE INDIVIDUAL WHOSE DRIVER LICENSE NUMBER IS LISTED. THE RECORD INCLUDES ACCIDENTS, SUSPENSIONS AND CONVICTIONS FOR MOVING VIOLATIONS.

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07-17-13	RES R	RSTR	RESTORATION OF	INDICATED	PRIVILEGE	AC					07-17-13
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AVRSLO75 AMM8 CERTIFIED DRIVER ABSTRACT		L	JA'I'	'E:	09/30/2015
OPR:		Ε	PAG	E:	002
AUTOPIC: R2200 70486 11652 NAME: REEVES SHA	NW^{L}			W	
ADDRESS: 2 KEER AVE 5-F NEWARK N.	JOT	711	L2	2256	ž
LIC EXP DATE: 04/30/2016 CLASS: D ENDR: RSTR:					
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12-12-08 RES R RSTR RESTORATION OF INDICATED PRIVILEGE	AC				12-12-08
12-12-08 RES F REST RESTORATION FEE PAID	AC				12-12-08
08-23-05 G96 O FPCS COURT-ORDERED SUS: CHILD SUPPORT	RS				09-09-05
09-18-02 CIS A POLC INVOLVED IN ACCIDENT-POLICE REPORT	AC				01-21-04
CURRENT STATUS - IN GOOD STANDING					
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SUSPENSIONS SUSPENDED BETWEE	ΞN				
BASIC DRIVING 2005-08-23 2008-1:	2-12	2			
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DATE: 09/30/2015 AMM8 CERTIFIED DRIVER ABSTRACT AVRSL075 PAGE: 003 OPR: AUTOPIC: R2200 70486 11652 NAME: REEVES SHAWN ADDRESS: 2 KEER AVE 5-F NEWARK NJ 07112 2256 RSTR: LIC EXP DATE: 04/30/2016 CLASS: D ENDR: S C H F T MZT T POSTING EVENT MO DA YR EVENT CODE EVENT DESCRIPTION A V M L S DATE 2005-08-23 2008-12-12 COMMERCIAL COMMERCIAL 2013-05-13 2013-07-17 2014-11-21 2015-09-03 COMMERCIAL ***OUT OF STATE DRIVER HISTORY*** *** NONE *** . . . 1 OPE $\mathcal{F}_{L_{p}, L_{p}}$ ADD LIC _EV_____******** END OF RECORD ********* MOPF3-END PF7-BACK PF8-FRWD PF10-TOP PF11-BOT PF12-MENU A18 LAST RECORD IN VIEW REACHED; SCROLL BACKWARD 1. 1:

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Page: 1' Document Name: untitled

NEWARK COURT

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NJ AUTOMATED TRAFFIC SYSTEM

TICKET INQUIRY MENU

09/30/15 11:37

PF1 - TICKET NUMBER : 0714

PF2 - DEFENDANT NAME (FML): shawn reeves

PF4 - OFFICER ID

PF5 - PLATE NUMBER/ST :

PF6 - DATE TICKET ISSUED : (MMDDYYYY)

PF7 - COURT DATE : (MMDDYYYY)

PF8 - DRIVER'S LICENSE NO :

PF9 - VIN NUMBER :

PF24 - ACS INQUIRY

SELECTION CRITERIA: (NOT APPLICABLE TO PF1, PF6 OR PF7)

SEARCH (S/M): S - ALL TICKETS ISSUED WITHIN THE STATE

M - ONLY TICKETS ISSUED WITHIN THE MUNICIPALITY

TICKET STATUS (A/O): a A - ALL TICKETS INCLUDING DISPOSED

O - OUTSTANDING TICKETS ONLY (NOT DISPOSED)

SELECT INQUIRY METHOD DESIRED, FILL IN REQUIRED DATA, THEN HIT ALT AND THE APPROPRIATE PF KEY. ALT AND 'PA1' - TRAFFIC MAIN MENU.

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Date: 9/30/2015 Time: 11:38:06 AM

Page: 1' Document Name: untitled

NEWARK CITY NJ AUTOMATED COMPLAINT SYSTEM 09/30/201

CMM1200 INQUIRY SEARCH 11:4

PF1 - DEFENDANT NAME SEARCH (FML) : shawn reeves

PF2 - DEFENDANT DLN SEARCH :

PF3 - DEFENDANT SSN SEARCH :

PF4 - DEFENDANT SBI SEARCH :

PF5 - INVOLVED PERSON SEARCH (FML) :

PF6 - ACTIVE COMPLAINT LIST BY OFFICER ID : 0714 0000

PF7 - ACTIVE WARRANT LIST WITHIN AGENCY CODE : 0000

PF8 - POLICE CASE NUMBER SEARCH BY COURT CODE: 0000

PF24 - ATS INQUIRY

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SEARCH (S/M): S - ALL DEFENDANTS WITHIN THE STATE

M - ONLY DEFENDANTS WITHIN THE MUNICIPALITY

COMPLAINT STATUS (A/O): a A - ALL COMPLAINTS INCLUDING DISPOSED

O - OUTSTANDING COMPLAINTS ONLY (NOT DISPOSED)

Page: 1'Document Name: untitled

FMM1900 DOMESTIC VIOLENCE CENTRAL REGISTRY 09/30/1

PAGE: 0001

PARTY NAME SEARCH

11:4

LAST NAME: reeves

FIRST NAME: shawn

MIDDLE INIT:

SBI #:

SSN:

CDR #:

0000 000000 0000 PTY ID:

PARTY NAME

DV PARTY ID BIRTH DATE RACE

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FM906738 PLEASE ENTER EITHER NAME/SBI#/SS#/CDR# OR PARTY ID PF1=PARTY SEARCH

PF11=REFRESH

Date: 9/30/2015 Time: 11:44:47 AM

Page: 1 Document Name: untitled

FMM1900

DOMESTIC VIOLENCE CENTRAL REGISTRY

09/30/1

PAGE: 0001

PARTY NAME SEARCH

11:4

LAST NAME: REEVES

FIRST NAME: SHAWN MIDDLE INIT:

SBI #:

SSN:

CDR #: 0000 000000 0000 PTY ID:

S PARTY NAME

DV PARTY ID BIRTH DATE RACE

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REEVES SHAWN D R 0080415 11 01 1965 BLACK M ESX ***

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PF4=ACTIVE ORDER CHEC

PF7=BACKWARD PF8=FORWARD PF9=ALIAS PF11=REFRESH

Date: 9/30/2015 Time: 11:44:58 AM

Page: 1 Document Name: untitled

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FAMILY AUTOMATED CASE TRACKING SYSTEM

09/30/1

PAGE: 0001

JUVENILE SEARCH

LAST NAME: reeves

PARTY NAME

FIRST NAME: shawn

MI:

VENUE:

PARTY ID:

SBI #:

SSN:

FACTS CASE NUMBER: (FJ OR PJ)

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WARRANTS

PARTY ID STATEWIDE BIRTH DATE RACE SEX VEN ALIA

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FM906884 PLEASE ENTER NAME, SBI#, SSN, PARTY ID OR DOCKET#, AND PRESS PF1

PF1=PARTY SEARCH

PF11=REFRESH

PF22=HELP

Date: 9/30/2015 Time: 11:45:27 AM

Newark



Department of Police Firearms unit 22 Franklin Street (1st floor) Newark, New Jersey 07102 Anthony Campos Chief of Police

FIREARMS REFERENCE LETTER
Name of Reference: Signa M. Lapez Address: 716, Summer Hol. City, State, Zip: Newsonk, NJ Telephone Number: 973-485.2736
The following applicant: Shawk william Reeves Full legal name of applicant Who reside at: 2 Heer Aug STNEWORK AIT OTHZ
has given your name as a reference to the Newark Police Department for the firearms application checked below:
I Identification Card for the purchase of a rifle or shotgun.
Permit to purcahse a pistol or revolver. Permit to carry a pistol or revolver. It is necessary that we conduct an investigation to ensure that only applications of persons qualified by law are approved. Your cooperation in truthfully answering and returning this questionnaire is necessary to help us make this determination from your knowledge of the above applicant:
1. Is he or she an alcoholic or habitual drunkard? Yes No
Your Signature: Pyre / Cpr Date: 8/3/2015

Eugene Venable Director of Police

Newark



Department of Police Firearms unit 22 Franklin Street (1st floor) Newark, New Jersey 07102

Anthony Campos Chief of Police

	FIREARMS REFERENCE LETTER					
Name of Reference:	Vernon	Mincel	20			

City, State, Zip: Telephone Number: The following applicant: Shaww WT. 688/7 772-397-2734 The following applicant: Shaww WIT. 688/7 The following applicant: Shaww WIT. 688/7 Full legal name of applicant Who reside at: 2 Keev Ave SF / Cewev M. M.J. CY//Z # Street - City, State has given your name as a reference to the Newark Police Department for the firearms application checked below: I Identification Card for the purchase of a rifle or shotgun. Permit to purcahse a pistol or revolver. It is necessary that we conduct an investigation to ensure that only applications of persons qualified by law are approved. Your cooperation in truthfully answering and returning this questionnaire is necessary to help us make this determination from your knowledge of the above applicant: TO THE BEST OF YOUR KNOWLEDGE: 1. Is he or she an alcoholic or revolver. Yes No
The following applicant: Shawu william Reeves. Full legal name of applicant Who reside at: 2 Keer are st / Cewark M.J. CT//2 # Street-City, State has given your name as a reference to the Newark Police Department for the firearms application checked below: I Identification Card for the purchase of a rifle or shotgun. Permit to purcahse a pistol or revolver. It is necessary that we conduct an investigation to ensure that only applications of persons qualified by law are approved. Your cooperation in truthfully answering and returning this questionnaire is necessary to help us make this determination from your knowledge of the above applicant: TO THE BEST OF YOUR KNOWLEDGE: 1. Is he or she an alcoholic or habitual drunkard? Yes
Who reside at: Reconsider of applicant Reconsider of the Newark Police Department for the firearms application checked below: Identification Card for the purchase of a rifle or shotgun. Permit to purcahse a pistol or revolver. The remit to carry a pistol or revolver. It is necessary that we conduct an investigation to ensure that only applications of persons qualified by law are approved. Your cooperation in truthfully answering and returning this questionnaire is necessary to help us make this determination from your knowledge of the above applicant: TO THE BEST OF YOUR KNOWLEDGE:
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application checked below: I Identification Card for the purchase of a rifle or shotgun. Permit to purcahse a pistol or revolver. It is necessary that we conduct an investigation to ensure that only applications of persons qualified by law are approved. Your cooperation in truthfully answering and returning this questionnaire is necessary to help us make this determination from your knowledge of the above applicant: TO THE BEST OF YOUR KNOWLEDGE: 1. Is he or she an alcoholic or habitual drunkard? Yes No
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qualified by law are approved. Your cooperation in truthfully answering and returning this questionnaire is necessary to help us make this determination from your knowledge of the above applicant: TO THE BEST OF YOUR KNOWLEDGE: 1. Is he or she an alcoholic or habitual drunkard? Yes No
1. Is he or she an alcoholic or habitual drunkard? Yes No
2. Is he or she a narcotics user? Yes No
3. Is he or she have a mental disability?Yes No 4. Has he or she ever committed an act of
domestic violence?
5. How many years have you known this applicant? 27 6. Does he or she ever been confined to a mental institution? Yes No
7. Do you know of any reason why this applicant should NOT be issued a Firearms
Permit? (If YES explain) Yes No
Please explain any answer(s) that you have marked "Yes"
Your Signature:
Date: 8-3-

Eugene Venable Director of Police

Newark



Department of Police Firearms unit 22 Franklin Street (1st floor) Newark, New Jersey 07102 Anthony Campos Chief of Police

FIREARMS REFERENCE LETTER

Name of Reference: Donald Bradley Address: TI Kan Ane City, State, Zip: Nawak No. 17110 Telephone Number: 862-371-3784
The following applicant: Shawu william Reques
Who reside at: 2 Keer Aul 5f Newark NJ 67112 # Street - City, State
has given your name as a reference to the Newark Police Department for the firearms application checked below:
I Identification Card for the purchase of a rifle or shotgun.
Permit to purcahse a pistol or revolver.
IV Permit to carry a pistol or revolver.
It is necessary that we conduct an investigation to ensure that only applications of persons qualified by law are approved. Your cooperation in truthfully answering and returning this questionnaire is necessary to help us make this determination from your knowledge of the above applicant:
TO THE BEST OF YOUR KNOWLEDGE:
1. Is he or she an alcoholic or habitual drunkard? Yes No_/ 2. Is he or she a narcotics user? Yes No_/
3. Is he or she have a mental disability?Yes No
4. Has he or she ever committed an act of
domestic violence?
5. How many years have you known this applicant? 20 6. Does he or she ever been confined to a mental institution? Yes No 7. Do you know of any reason why this applicant should NOT be issued a Firearms
Permit? (If YES explain) Yes No
Please explain any answer(s) that you have marked "Yes"
Your Signature: Double Bradles Date: 513 15

Eugene Venable Director of Police

PREPARED BY THE COURT

In Re the Application of : Superior Court of New Jersey

Essex County: Law Division

SHAWN WILLIAM REEVES : ORDER

2015-183

For a Permit to : PERMIT NO.

Carry a Handgun : ISSUED: NOVEMBER 20, 2015 : EXPIRATION: NOVEMBER 19, 2017

This matter having been opened to the Court of the <u>HONORABLE MARTIN G. CRONIN, J.S.C.</u> by <u>SHAWN WILLIAM REEVES</u> on his/her application dated <u>AUGUST 3, 2015</u> for permission to carry a <u>S & W SD9, 9MM, SERIAL #HFV2821</u>, and the applicant having satisfied the requirements of the applicable Administrative Regulations, and having proven a justifiable need to carry said handgun in certain instances, and the Essex County Prosecutor's Office having filed no objection to issuance.

IT IS ON THIS **20TH DAY OF NOVEMBER, 2015** ORDERED THAT:

- 1. The application for permission to carry said handgun, while in the employment of <u>VISUAL PROTECTION SERVICES</u>, 191 CENTRAL AVENUE, NEWARK, NJ, while serving as an <u>ARMED SECURITY GUARD</u>, and assigned to <u>THE CITY OF NEWARK, AT THE CITY'S RECREATIONAL FACILITIES</u>, as set out in letter of need, be and hereby is approved by permitting the said applicant to carry said weapon for said purpose while in such employment, but for no other purpose under the above referenced permit number to be assigned by the Criminal Records Office of the Essex Vicinage, Criminal Division.
- 2. If the applicant's employment by any current employer, or any assignment shown on this Order is terminated during the duration of this permit, **both** the employer and the applicant shall be responsible to immediately notify this Court, the Essex County Prosecutor, and then the **NEWARK POLICE DEPARTMENT**.
- 3. The applicant shall carry the permit hereby authorized **and** this Order at all times that the applicant is carrying the handgun for which this approval has been granted.

HON. MARTIN G. CRONIN, J.S.C.

'STATE OF NEW JERSEY

CERMIT TO CARRY A HANDGUN

11/20/15

Expires: 11/19//17

2015-183 950008E

SHAWN WILLIAM REEVES

2 Keer Avenue, Apt. 5F Newark, NJ 07112

has permission to carry a handgun in the State of New Jersey Pursuant to 20:58-4 of the New Jersey Statutes with amendments thereto. Permit must be in possession when carrying handgun. Restrictions placed on this permit must be strictly observed. This permit work is a work of the New Jersey Statutes.

ESSEX

Signature, Superior Court Judge

If revoked or employment is terminated, permit must



5'6" Ht.:

Wt.:

181 lbs.

Brown

Eyes: Black

Hair: 11/01/1965

Restrictions:

D08: See Below

See Court Order

VALID ONLY DURING AND IN COURSE OF EMPLOYMENT

The City of Newark, N.J. County of Kssex Certificate of Appointment

This is to certify that

has been duly appointed and commissioned

Constable of Assex County by The Muricipal Council of The City

NOVEMBER 2018

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